

Original operating instructions

ODSL 30

Optical distance sensors

TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION



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1 General information

1.1 Explanation of symbols

The symbols used in this technical description are explained below.

| | |
|---|--|
|  | Attention This symbol precedes text messages which must strictly be observed. Failure to observe the provided instructions could lead to personal injury or damage to equipment. |
|  | Attention, laser radiation This symbol warns of possible danger caused by hazardous laser radiation. |
|  | Note This symbol indicates text passages containing important information. |

1.2 Important terms

Phase measurement

Distance measurement procedure, which determines the distance of an object by the shift of the phase angle of the light reflected from the object.

Uniqueness range

Due to the periodicity of the sinusoid, the phase position of the signals received by the ODSL 30 limits the determination of unique measurement values to within a specific interval. The length of this interval is called the uniqueness range. A large uniqueness range is equivalent to high background suppression (see see chapter 3.8.2).

Absolute measurement accuracy

Shows the possible divergence of the measurement value from the anticipated value through changes in the environmental conditions during the measurement process. Higher accuracy is given at constant environmental conditions

Repeatability

Measurement distance change with repeated measurement at the same output signal (observe the same boundary conditions as with resolution).

Resolution

The smallest possible change in distance of the measurement object, which causes a unique change of the output signal.

Referencing

Device function of the ODSL 30... for the compensation of a possible temperature drift. A referencing should be carried out before each exact measurement. The referencing is activated via a separate device input and is automatically carried out once after the device is switched on.

Diffuse reflection

Return and/or degree of reflection of the radiated light.

Measurement time

The measurement time depends on the selected uniqueness range and the object diffuse reflectance (see see chapter 3.8.2).

Readiness delay

The delay before start-up indicates the point in time when the first valid measurement can be obtained after switching on.

Light switching/Dark switching

Specifies the behavior of the switching output: light switching if an object is located within the configured distance range, dark switching if an object is located outside of the configured distance range.

Ambient light sensitivity

Indicates the insensitivity of the measurement result towards ambient light. The ODSL 30 measures reliably even with ambient light intensity of 5kLux. Typical light intensity in a work place is only 1kLux.

2 Safety

This sensor was developed, manufactured and tested in line with the applicable safety standards. It corresponds to the state of the art.






2.1 Intended use

Optical distance sensors of the ODSL 30 series are intelligent, configurable sensors for the optical, contactless measurement of the distance to objects.

Areas of application

The optical distance sensors of the ODSL 30 series have been designed for the following areas of application:

- Distance measurement
- Contour determination
- Positioning of side-tracking skates, cranes, lifting devices
- Filling level measurement


| | |
|--|--|
|  CAUTION | |
|  | <p>Observe intended use!</p> <p>↳ Only operate the device in accordance with its intended use.</p> <p>The protection of personnel and the device cannot be guaranteed if the device is operated in a manner not complying with its intended use.</p> <p>Leuze electronic GmbH + Co. KG is not liable for damages caused by improper use.</p> <p>↳ Read the technical description before commissioning the device.</p> <p>Knowledge of this technical description is an element of proper use.</p> |
| NOTE | |
|  | <p>Comply with conditions and regulations!</p> <p>Observe the locally applicable legal regulations and the rules of the employer's liability insurance association.</p> |
|  ATTENTION | |
|  | <p>For UL applications, use is only permitted in Class 2 circuits in accordance with the NEC (National Electric Code).</p> |

2.2 Foreseeable misuse

Any use other than that defined under "Intended use" or which goes beyond that use is considered improper use.

In particular, use of the device is not permitted in the following cases:

- in rooms with explosive atmospheres
- in circuits which are relevant to safety
- for medical purposes

| NOTE | |
|---|--|
|  | <p>Do not modify or otherwise interfere with the device!</p> <p>↳ Do not carry out modifications or otherwise interfere with the device.</p> <p>The device must not be tampered with and must not be changed in any way.</p> <p>The device must not be opened. There are no user-serviceable parts inside.</p> <p>Repairs must only be performed by Leuze electronic GmbH + Co. KG.</p> |

2.3 Competent persons

Connection, mounting, commissioning and adjustment of the device must only be carried out by competent persons.

Prerequisites for competent persons:

- They have a suitable technical education.
- They are familiar with the rules and regulations for occupational safety and safety at work.
- They are familiar with the technical description of the device.
- They have been instructed by the responsible person on the mounting and operation of the device.

Certified electricians

Electrical work must be carried out by a certified electrician.

Due to their technical training, knowledge and experience as well as their familiarity with relevant standards and regulations, certified electricians are able to perform work on electrical systems and independently detect possible dangers.


In Germany, certified electricians must fulfill the requirements of accident-prevention regulations DGUV (German Social Accident Insurance) provision 3 (e.g. electrician foreman). In other countries, there are respective regulations that must be observed.


2.4 Exemption of liability

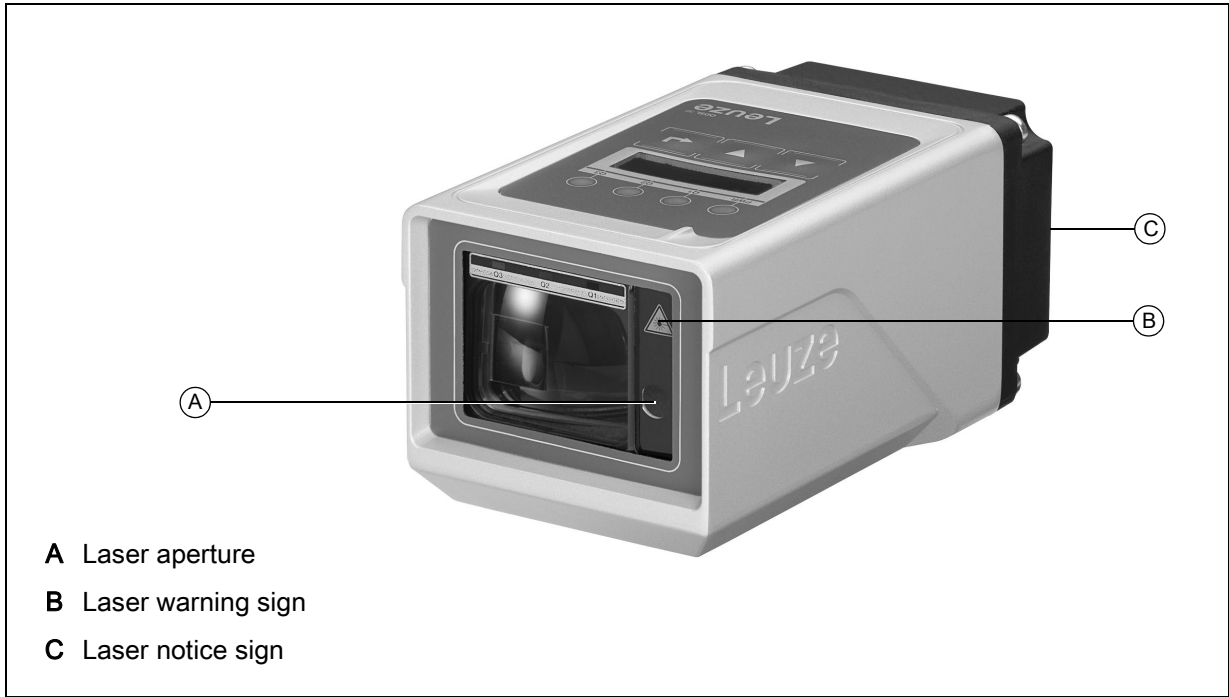
Leuze electronic GmbH + Co. KG is not liable in the following cases:

- The device is not being used properly.
- Reasonably foreseeable misuse is not taken into account.
- Mounting and electrical connection are not properly performed.
- Changes (e.g., constructional) are made to the device.

2.5 Laser safety notices

| ⚠ ATTENTION, LASER RADIATION – CLASS 2 LASER PRODUCT | |
|---|---|
|  | <p>Do not stare into beam!</p> <p>The device satisfies the requirements of IEC/EN 60825-1:2014 safety regulations for a product of laser class 2 and complies with 21 CFR 1040.10 except for conformance with IEC 60825-1 Ed. 3., as described in Laser Notice No. 56, dated May 8, 2019.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ↪ Never look directly into the laser beam or in the direction of reflected laser beams! If you look into the beam path over a longer time period, there is a risk of injury to the retina. ↪ Do not point the laser beam of the device at persons! ↪ Interrupt the laser beam using a non-transparent, non-reflective object if the laser beam is accidentally directed towards a person. ↪ When mounting and aligning the device, avoid reflections of the laser beam off reflective surfaces! ↪ CAUTION! Use of controls or adjustments or performance of procedures other than specified herein may result in hazardous light exposure. ↪ Observe the applicable statutory and local laser protection regulations. ↪ The device must not be tampered with and must not be changed in any way. There are no user-serviceable parts inside the device. Repairs must only be performed by Leuze electronic GmbH + Co. KG. ↪ The laser radiation emitted from the device is collimated. The laser is operated in pulse mode. Light spot size, pulse power, pulse duration and wavelength, see Technical data. |

| NOTE | |
|---|--|
|  | <p>Affix laser information and warning signs!</p> <p>Laser warning and laser information signs are affixed to the device (see Figure 2.1). In addition, self-adhesive laser warning and information signs (stick-on labels) are supplied in several languages (see Figure 2.2).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ↪ Affix the laser information sheet to the device in the language appropriate for the place of use. When using the device in the US, use the stick-on label with the "Complies with 21 CFR 1040.10" notice. ↪ Affix the laser information and warning signs near the device if no signs are attached to the device (e.g. because the device is too small) or if the attached laser information and warning signs are concealed due to the installation position. Affix the laser information and warning signs so that they are legible without exposing the reader to the laser radiation of the device or other optical radiation. |



- A Laser aperture
- B Laser warning sign
- C Laser notice sign

Figure 2.1: Laser aperture, laser warning sign

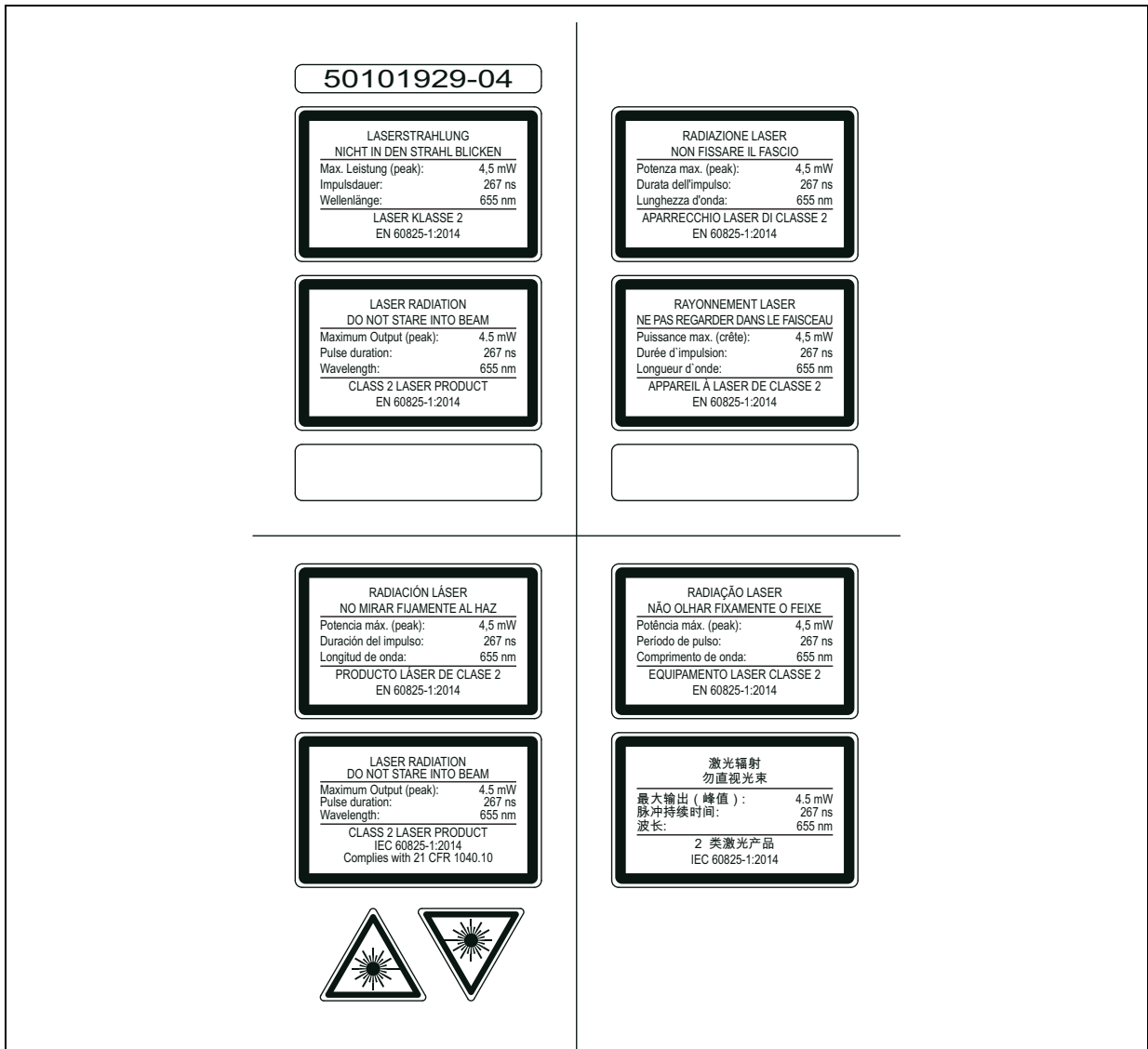


Figure 2.2: Laser warning and information signs – supplied stick-on labels

3 Description ODSL 30

3.1 General description

The ODSL 30 is a laser distance sensor with an extensive range of applications. The devices are available in different versions with analog outputs, digital outputs, or switching outputs. The distance measurement uses the phase measurement principle. The measurement range¹⁾ lies between 0.2...30m. The device models with serial output allow a measurement range up to 65 m.

Integrated in the device are a membrane keyboard and a two-line LC display which can be used to configure the ODSL 30. During measurement operation, the display shows the current measurement value. The switching point of the switching outputs can easily be set via a teach input on all variants.

NOTE



Moving objects into the measurement beam from the side may lead to incorrect measurement values.

By carrying out the integrated referencing function before a measurement, the sensor's accuracy can be improved. To achieve this, the active input (PIN 2) can be configured via the menu to act either as an activation input with referencing, or as a pure referencing input. While the referencing function is carried out (duration about 0.3s), no measurement can be taken.

If the device is used in areas subject to electrostatic charges, it is recommended to connect the housing of the ODSL 30 to a potential equalization.

Accessories

The mounting device BT 30 is already included in the scope of delivery of the ODSL 30 for easy mounting and alignment (for further accessories, see see chapter 5.2).

1) Diffuse reflectance 6 ... 90% throughout the entire temperature range, measurement object $\geq 50 \times 50\text{mm}^2$.
ODSL 30/D...: Measurement range up to 65m, diffuse reflectance 50 ... 90%

3.2 Typical areas of application for the ODSL 30

3.2.1 Continuous distance measurement

All ODSL 30 variants with analog, digital or switching outputs are ideally suited for continuous distance measurement. The menu-guided configuration via membrane keyboard and LC display on the device without additional software permits the adaptation to a large number of applications.

Depending on arrangement and settings of the ODSL 30, various applications are possible:

- Positioning of side-tracking skates, cranes, lifting devices
- Contour determination through controlled passing movement of an object through the beam of the ODSL 30.
- Volume measuring by taking measurements on two levels with simultaneous movement of the object.
- Diameter determination, e.g., on paper rolls.
- Measuring the thickness of planks with two opposing sensors and a differential of the two measured values.

3.2.2 Positioning tasks

The ODSL 30 variants with analog output and/or up to three teachable switching outputs are ideally suited for basic positioning tasks, such as the height/level adjustment of lifting tables and lifting platforms.

The ODSL 30 is mounted in a way to enable positioning in the direction of the measurement beam.

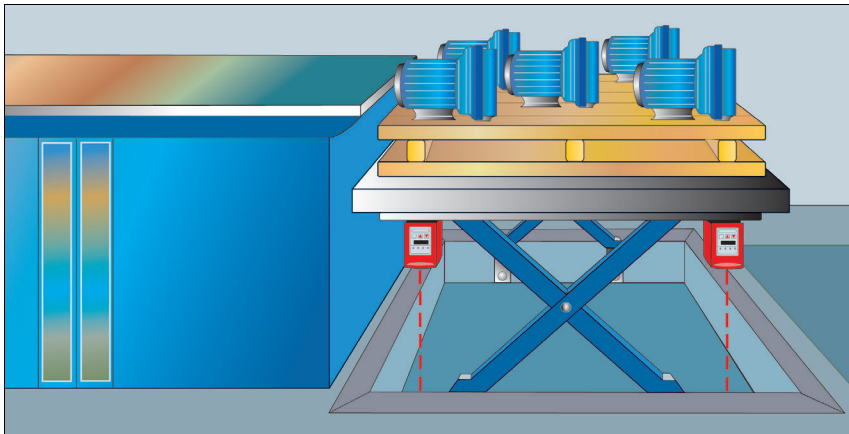


Figure 3.1: Positioning of lifting tables application example

3.2.3 Collision protection

The ODSL 30 is ideally suited to be used as collision protection device:

- Distance regulation via the analog output of the ODSL 30
- Collision prevention via the switching outputs of the ODSL 30

3.3 Mounting

The mounting device BT 30 is already included in the scope of delivery of the ODSL 30, which allows easy mounting and alignment of the ODSL 30.

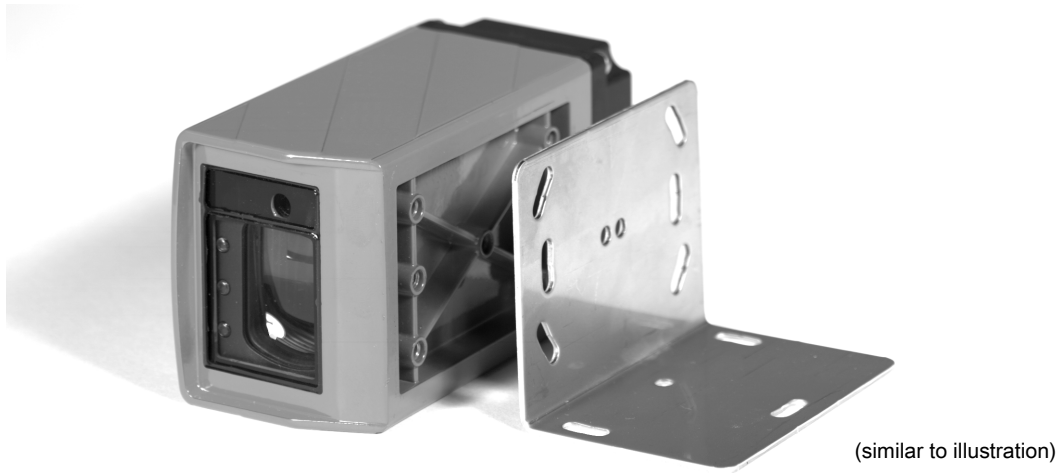


Figure 3.2: ODSL 30 with BT 30

Dimensioned drawing BT 30

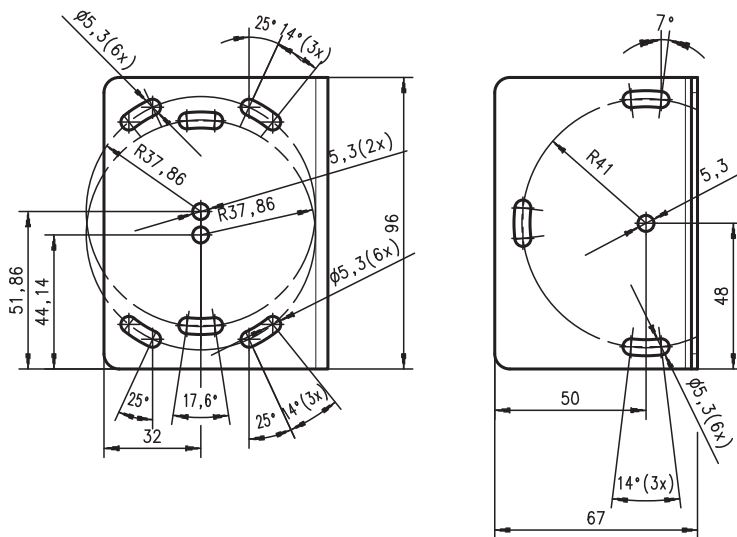


Figure 3.3: Dimensioned drawing BT 30

NOTE



With the help of the aiming notch on the upper side of the device, you can carry out a coarse alignment of the ODSL 30 even before commissioning.

3.4 ODSL 30 models

Models

The ODSL 30 is available in four models:

- as a **laser distance sensor** with **2 analog outputs** 1 ... 10V and 4 ... 20mA and **1 universally configurable switching output**, measurement range between 0.2 ... 30m
- as a **laser distance sensor** with **3 universally configurable switching outputs**, measurement range between 0.2 ... 30m
- as a **laser distance sensor** with **serial RS 232 interface** and **2 universally configurable switching outputs**, measurement range between 0.2 ... 30m
- as a **laser distance sensor** with **serial RS 485/RS 422 interface** and **2 universally configurable switching outputs**, measurement range between 0.2 ... 30m

NOTE



With the RS-interface/serial-interface models, an extended measurement range to 65 m on a target with 50...90% remission (white matt) is possible. Cooperative target (CTS 100x100) is recommended (see chapter 5.2 "Accessories").

⚠ Do not use reflective tape!

3.4.1 ODSL 30/V... with analog output

ODSL 30/V... analog output

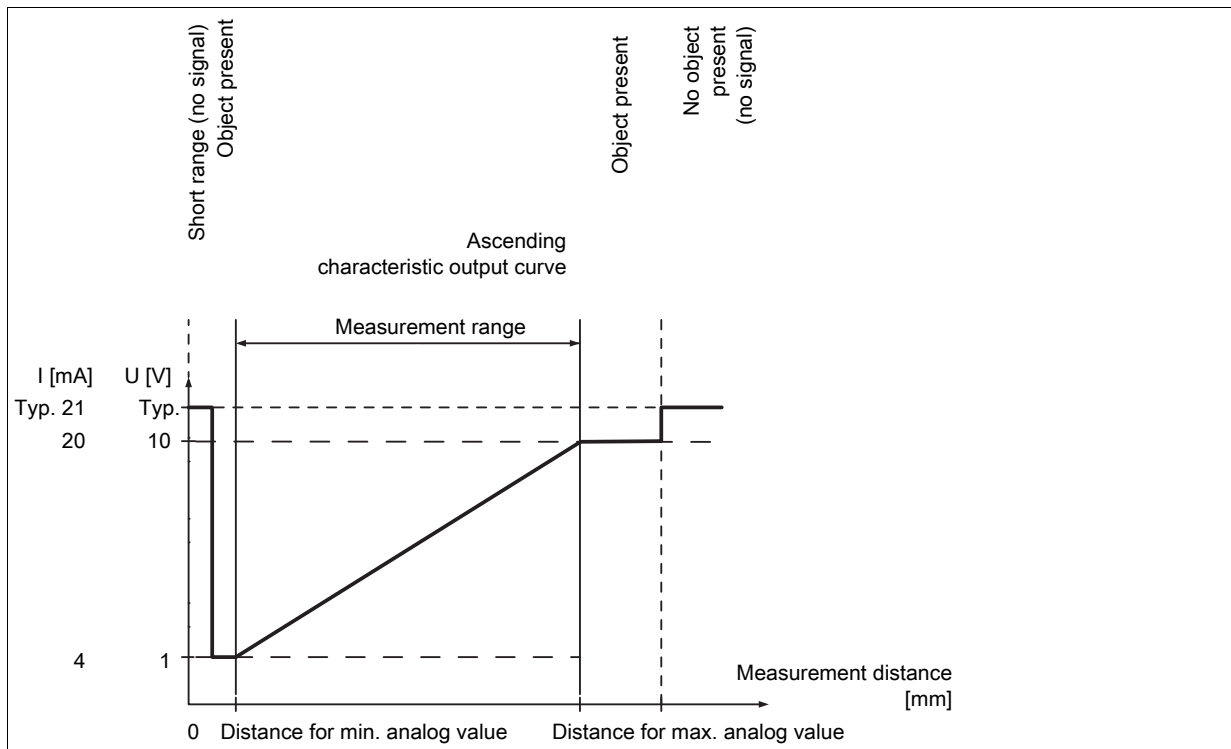


Figure 3.4: Characteristic output curve ODSL 30/V... with positive gradient

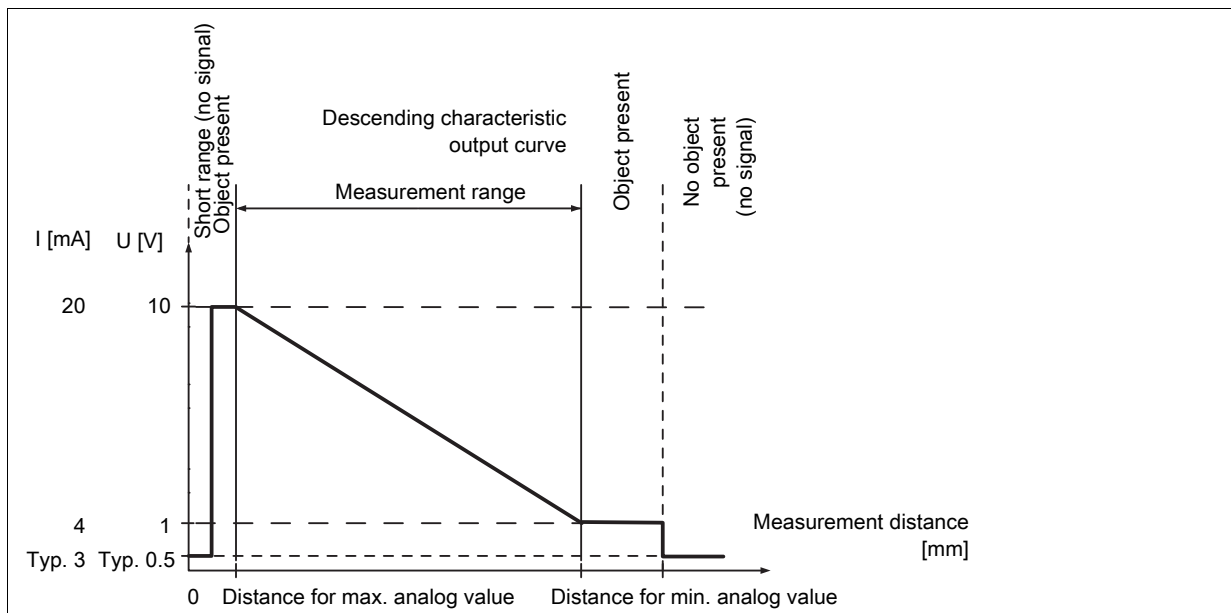


Figure 3.5: Characteristic output curve ODSL 30/V... with negative gradient

Behavior of the analog outputs of the ODSL 30/V...

The ODSL 30/V... has an analog output with linear behavior. A current output (4 ... 20mA) and a voltage output (1 ... 10V) are available to the user. In order to achieve the highest resolution possible, the range of the analog output should be set as small as the application allows. The analog output can be adjusted within the measurement range by configuration via the membrane keyboard and LC display (adaptation of the characteristic output curve). The parameter `Cal. Ana.Output` determines whether the calibration is to be carried out for the current or voltage output. The characteristic output curve can be configured as rising or falling. For this purpose, the two distance values `Pos for min. val` and `Pos for max. val` for the minimum and maximum analog output value are set accordingly in the range between 200mm and 30,000mm (see Figure 3.4 and Figure 3.5).

| Object distance | Current output ¹⁾ | | Voltage output ²⁾ | |
|---|------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|
| | With positive gradient | With negative gradient | With positive gradient | With negative gradient |
| No object or object too close or too far away (no signal) | > 20.5mA (typ. 21mA) | < 3.5mA (typ. 3mA) | > 10.25V (typ. 10.5V) | < 0.75V (typ. 0.5V) |
| = distance for minimum analog value | 4mA | 20mA | 1 V | 10V |
| = distance for maximum analog value | 20mA | 4mA | 10V | 1 V |
| < distance for minimum analog value | 4mA | 20mA | 1 V | 10V |
| > distance for maximum analog value | 20mA | 4mA | 10V | 1 V |

1) The typical values only apply if the current output is calibrated.

2) The typical values only apply if the voltage output is calibrated.

Teach-in of the characteristic output curve

In addition to the edge-controlled teach-in (*slope control*) of the switching outputs, teach-in of the characteristic output curve is also possible via a teach line for devices with software version V01.10 and newer (see see chapter 3.6.5). The following steps are required for the line teach-in of the analog characteristic curve:

1. Activation of the analog line teach function via the membrane keyboard and menu.
Activate **Input Menu** -> **Teach Mode** -> **Teach Mode time control**.
2. Position measurement object at the desired measurement distance.
3. The respective teach function is activated by applying the active level (default +U_B) to the teach input "Teach Q1" (pin 5). The teach event is indicated by the flashing of the LEDs and on the display.

| Teach function | Duration of teach signal | Green LED | Yellow LED |
|---|--------------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| Upper switching point switching output Q1 | 2 ... 4s | Flash synchronously | |
| Distance value for analog output 1V / 4mA | 4 ... 6s | Continuous light | Flashing |
| Distance value for analog output 10V / 20mA | 6 ... 8s | Flashing | Continuous light |

4. To finish the teach event, disconnect the teach input from the teach signal after the desired time.
5. A successful teach event is signaled by the end of the flashing of the LEDs. The menu entries can be used to check that the teach values are properly accepted and to make any changes.

Error messages

Rapid flashing of the green LED following a teach event indicates an unsuccessful teach event. The sensor remains ready for operation and continues to function with the old values.

Remedy:

- Repeat teach event **or**
- Activate teach input for more than 8s **or**
- Disconnect sensor from voltage to restore the old values.

Behavior of the switching output of the ODSL 30/V...

Additionally, a switching output with two switching points (switching window) is available with the ODSL 30/V... with analog output. The upper switching point can be taught using a teach line. By configuring within the measurement range, it is possible to set the lower and upper switching points, the switching hysteresis, the switching behavior (light/dark switching), and the type of switching output (PNP high active or NPN low active or PNP/NPN push-pull).

Teaching always takes place towards the upper switching point (see figure 3.6 on page 16). The lower switching point is set to the value '199' by default and can be adjusted via the operating menu. The following table applies for a lower switching point of 199mm.

| Object distance | Light switching Output Q1 | Dark switching Output Q1 |
|-----------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| No object (no signal) | Off | On |
| < 200mm ¹⁾ | On | Off |
| < teach value | On | Off |
| > teach value | Off | On |

1) Only if a reception signal is available that can still be evaluated, otherwise same as "no object"

3.4.2 ODSL 30/24... with three switching outputs

Switching outputs ODSL 30/24...

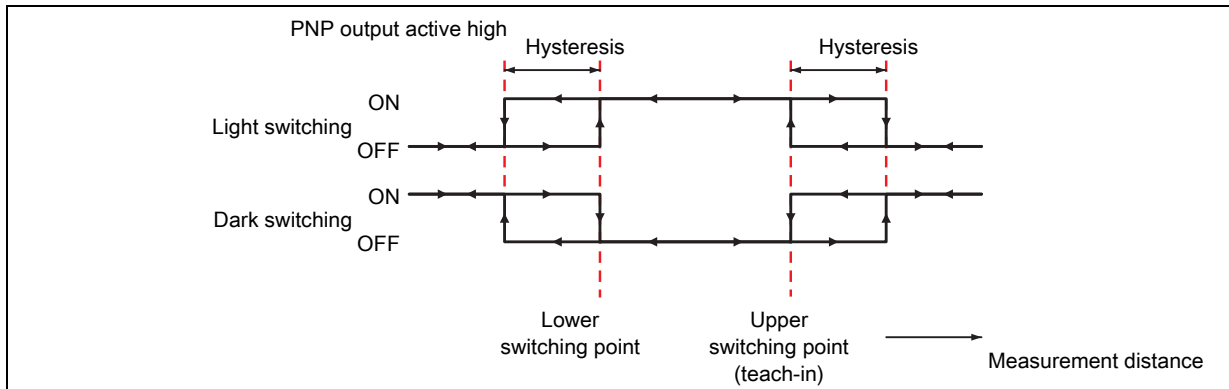


Figure 3.6: Behavior of the switching outputs ODSL 30/24... (PNP output active high)

Behavior of the switching outputs of the ODSL 30/24...

The ODSL 30/24... is equipped with three independent switching outputs, each with 2 switching points (switching window). The upper switching points can be taught using a teach line. By configuring within the measurement range, it is possible to set the lower and upper switching points, the switching hysteresis, the switching behavior (light/dark switching), and the type of switching output (PNP high active or NPN low active or PNP/NPN push-pull).

Teaching always takes place towards the upper switching point (see Figure 3.6). Each of the lower switching points is set to the value '199' by default and can be adjusted via the operating menu. The following table applies for a lower switching point of 199mm.

| Object distance | Light switching | | | Dark switching | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------|-----------|----------------|-----------|-----------|
| | Output Q1 | Output Q2 | Output Q3 | Output Q1 | Output Q2 | Output Q3 |
| No object (no signal) | Off | Off | Off | On | On | On |
| < 200mm ¹⁾ | On | On | On | Off | Off | Off |
| < teach value | On | On | On | Off | Off | Off |
| > teach value | Off | Off | Off | On | On | On |

1) Only if a reception signal is available that can still be evaluated, otherwise same as "no object"

3.4.3 ODSL 30/D... with serial output

Transmission formats


The ODSL 30/D... has 2 digital switching outputs and one serial interface which is implemented either as an RS 232 interface or as an RS 485/RS 422 interface. The transmission rate can be set to between 600 and 115200 baud.

The serial transmission is carried out with 1 start bit, 8 data bits and 1 or 2 stop bits without parity.

For the transmission of the measurement values, 6 different transmission modes may be configured (see Figure 3.7):

- **ASCII measurement value** (6 bytes, measurement range 0 ... 65m, resolution 1 mm) ¹⁾
- **ASCII measurement value 0.1 mm** (7 bytes, measurement range 0 ... 65m, resolution 0.1 mm) ¹⁾
- **14 bit measurement value** (2 bytes, measurement range 0 ... 16m, resolution 1 mm) ¹⁾
- **16 bit measurement value** (3 bytes, measurement range 0 ... 65m, resolution 1 mm) ¹⁾
- **20 bit measurement value** (4 bytes, measurement range 0 ... 65m, resolution 0.1 mm) ¹⁾
- **Remote control operation** ²⁾

The output format is activated by configuration with the membrane keyboard and menu.

| NOTE | |
|---|---|
|  | Selecting an output resolution of 0.1 mm does not change the internal measurement system of the ODSL 30 and does not increase its accuracy. For this reason, measurement values with a resolution of 0.1 mm may vary in successive measurements depending on the application. |

1) Continuous measurement value output in a 100ms grid. For the ODSL 30/D 485..., the data transmission is carried out in RS 422 mode, i.e., with permanent transmission on the Tx+ and Tx- lines.

2) For the ODSL 30/D 485..., the data transmission is carried out in RS 485 mode, i.e., the Tx+ and Tx- lines are switched to receive. This permits several ODSL 30/D 485... to be connected onto a single bus. In this case, the device addresses of the individual devices must differ from each other.
The ODSL 30/D 232... can also be operated via remote control, however, only as a point-to-point-connection between the ODSL 30 and the controller.

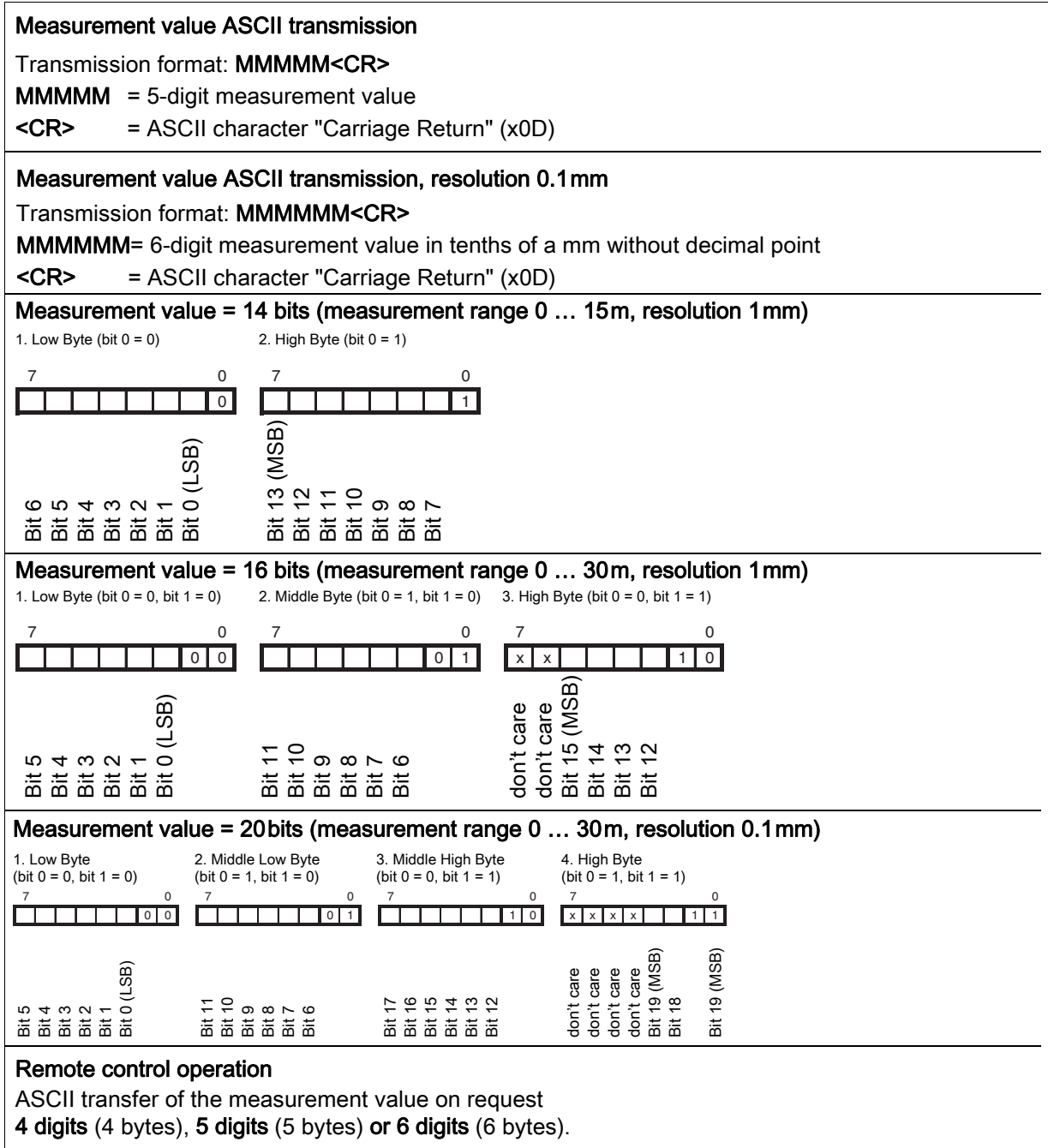


Figure 3.7: Serial transmission formats ODSL 30/D...

Measurement value output for various transmission types

| Object distance | Measurement value output for transmission type | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|
| | ASCII 5 bytes | ASCII 6 bytes | 14 bit | 16 bit | 20 bit | Remote 4 bytes | Remote 5 bytes | Remote 6 bytes |
| No object (no signal) | 65535 | 655350 | 16383 | 65535 | 655350 | 9999 | 65535 | 655350 |
| < 200mm ¹⁾ | Distance value in mm | Distance value in 1/10mm | Distance value in mm | Distance value in mm | Distance value in 1/10mm | Distance value in mm | Distance value in mm | Distance value in 1/10mm |
| 200mm ... 9900mm | Distance value in mm | Distance value in 1/10mm | Distance value in mm | Distance value in mm | Distance value in 1/10mm | Distance value in mm | Distance value in mm | Distance value in 1/10mm |
| 9901mm ... 16000mm | Distance value in mm | Distance value in 1/10mm | Distance value in mm | Distance value in mm | Distance value in 1/10mm | 9901 | Distance value in mm | Distance value in 1/10mm |
| 16001mm ... 65000mm | Distance value in mm | Distance value in 1/10mm | 16001 | Distance value in mm | Distance value in 1/10mm | 9901 | Distance value in mm | Distance value in 1/10mm |
| > 65000mm | 65001 | 650010 | 16001 | 65001 | 650010 | 9901 | 65001 | 650010 |
| Object distance + Offset > 65000mm (Offset Direction neg.) | 65001 | 650010 | 16001 | 65001 | 650010 | 9901 | 65001 | 650010 |
| Object distance - Offset < 0mm (Offset Direction pos.) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Device error | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

1) Only if a reception signal is available that can still be evaluated, otherwise same as "no object"

Commands for remote control operation

For remote control operation (parameter `Remote Control`), a device address between 0 ... 14 can be set. In this operating mode, the ODSL 30/D... reacts only to commands from the control.

With **asynchronous measurement**, the sensor measures continuously. After processing the command, the next measurement value of the ODSL 30 is transmitted. The response time of the ODSL 30 varies within the scope of the measurement time and is dependent on the time of the query and the state of the internal measurement cycle of the ODSL 30 at this time.

With **synchronous measurement**, the measurement starts with processing of the current command. The response time of the ODSL 30 is constant and is dependent only on the configured measurement time.

The following control commands are available:

Commands for the asynchronous measurement

Measurement value query, 4 digits:

| | Byte no. | | | | | | | | | Response time | |
|------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|------------|---|---------------|--|
| | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | | |
| Command | Sensor address 0x00 to 0x0E | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Sensor response | "*" (0x2A) | ASCII address tens ones | | ASCII distance measurement value 1000's 100's tens ones | | | | "#" (0x23) | - | Max. 120 ms | |

Asynchronous measurement value query 5 digits, resolution 1mm:

| | Byte no. | | | | | | | | | Response time |
|------------------------|------------|--------------------------------|------------|------------|-------|------|------|--------|------------|---------------|
| | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | |
| Command | "*" (0x2A) | ASCII address "0...9", "A...D" | "M" (0x4D) | "#" (0x23) | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Sensor response | "*" (0x2A) | ASCII address "0...9", "A...D" | 10000's | 1000's | 100's | tens | ones | Status | "#" (0x23) | Max. 120 ms |

Asynchronous measurement value query 6 digits, resolution 0.1 mm:


| | Byte no. | | | | | | | | | | Response time |
|------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------------|---|---------------|---|---|---|--------|---------------|---|----------------|
| | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | |
| Command | "*" (0x2A) | ASCII address "0...9", "A...D" | "m" (0x73) | "#" (0x23) | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Sensor response | "*" (0x2A) | ASCII address "0...9", "A...D" | ASCII distance measurement value 10000's 1000's 100's tens ones tenths | | | | | Status | "#" (0x23) | | Max. 120 ms |

Commands for the synchronous measurement

The two following synchronous measurement commands **"S"** (5-digit measurement value, resolution 1 mm) or **"s"** (6-digit measurement value, resolution 0.1 mm) enable the start of a measurement at a precise time.

If a synchronous measurement value is requested via remote control operation:

- This command immediately switches on the laser and triggers the measurement.
- Following the measurement cycle, the laser is switched off.
- The measured value is transmitted following this measurement cycle.

| NOTE | |
|---|---|
|  | Prerequisite for the function of the synchronous measurement value query is that the sensor be deactivated (laser off)! |

For this purpose:

- The active/reference input (pin 2) must be connected to the inactive state (default: 0V) or it must be open.
- The active/reference input (pin 2) must be configured as an activation and referencing input:
Input Menu -> Input activ/ref -> input active/ref Activation + Ref


Synchronous measurement value query 5 digits, resolution 1 mm:

| | Byte no. | | | | | | | | | | Response time ¹⁾ | |
|------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------------|--|---------------|---|---|---|--------|---------------|---|-----------------------------|--------------------|
| | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | | |
| Command | "*" (0x2A) | ASCII address "0...9", "A...D" | "S" (0x53) | "#" (0x23) | - | - | - | - | - | - | | |
| Sensor response | "*" (0x2A) | ASCII address "0...9", "A...D" | ASCII distance measurement value 10000's 1000's 100's tens ones | | | | | Status | "#" (0x23) | - | | 30 ... 100ms |

Synchronous measurement value query 6 digits, resolution 0.1 mm:

| | Byte no. | | | | | | | | | | Response time ¹⁾ | |
|------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------------|---|---------------|---|---|---|--------|---------------|---|-----------------------------|--------------------|
| | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | | |
| Command | "*" (0x2A) | ASCII address "0...9", "A...D" | "s" (0x73) | "#" (0x23) | - | - | - | - | - | - | | |
| Sensor response | "*" (0x2A) | ASCII address "0...9", "A...D" | ASCII distance measurement value 10000's 1000's 100's tens ones tenths | | | | | Status | "#" (0x23) | | | 30 ... 100ms |

1) Depending on the configuration of the measurement time, see chapter 3.8 "Advanced menu (for software versions V01.10 and newer)", duration of data transmission not included.

| NOTE | |
|---|--|
|  | <p>To make the laser beam visible for alignment purposes and to view measurement values on the display,</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the active/reference input (pin 2) can be connected to the active state (default: 24 V) or • the sensor can be activated with the command "A" (see see page 21) or • the active/reference input (pin 2) can be temporarily configured via the menu as a reference input: <p style="color: red;">Input Menu -> Input activ/ref -> Input activ/ref Referencing</p> |

Possible errors and their causes

Instead of a synchronous measurement, an asynchronous measurement is performed. Possible causes of the error: the synchronous measurement command was set by the activated, i.e. the measuring sensor. Instead of the synchronous measurement, an asynchronous measurement was performed (corresponds to the commands "M" and "m").

Further commands

Activate referencing:

| | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | Byte no. | | | | | Response time |
|------------------------|------------|--------------------------------|------------|------------|----------|---|---|---|---|---------------|
| | | | | | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | |
| Command | "*" (0x2A) | ASCII address "0...9", "A...D" | "R" (0x52) | "#" (0x23) | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Sensor response | "*" (0x2A) | ASCII address "0...9", "A...D" | Status | "#" (0x23) | - | - | - | - | - | 350ms |

Activate sensor¹⁾:

| | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | Byte no. | | | | | Response time |
|------------------------|------------|--------------------------------|------------|------------|----------|---|---|---|---|---------------|
| | | | | | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | |
| Command | "*" (0x2A) | ASCII address "0...9", "A...D" | "A" (0x41) | "#" (0x23) | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Sensor response | "*" (0x2A) | ASCII address "0...9", "A...D" | Status | "#" (0x23) | - | - | - | - | - | Max. 120 ms |

Deactivate sensor¹⁾:

| | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | Byte no. | | | | | Response time |
|------------------------|------------|--------------------------------|------------|------------|----------|---|---|---|---|---------------|
| | | | | | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | |
| Command | "*" (0x2A) | ASCII address "0...9", "A...D" | "D" (0x44) | "#" (0x23) | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Sensor response | "*" (0x2A) | ASCII address "0...9", "A...D" | Status | "#" (0x23) | - | - | - | - | - | Max. 120 ms |

Status byte (bitwise processing):

| Bit number | Value | Meaning |
|------------|-------|--|
| 7 (MSB) | 0x80 | Always = 0 (reserved) |
| 6 | 0x40 | 1 = other error, 0 = OK |
| 5 | 0x20 | Always = 1, if the status is 0x20, the sensor functions flawlessly |

1) The sensor is activated by default and in this case cannot be deactivated via the control command. The control command is only effective if the input activ/ref is configured as an activation and referencing input. In this case, the following applies: The sensor is activated if the input activ/ref is at active level or if the sensor is activated via control command. The sensor is deactivated if the input activ/ref is not at active level and the sensor is deactivated via control command.

| Bit number | Value | Meaning |
|------------|-------|--|
| 4 | 0x10 | Always = 0 (reserved) |
| 3 | 0x08 | Always = 0 (reserved) |
| 2 | 0x04 | 1 = sensor deactivated, 0 = sensor activated |
| 1 | 0x02 | 1 = no signal or signal too low, 0 = signal OK |
| 0 (LSB) | 0x01 | 1 = laser defective, 0 = laser OK |

Behavior of the switching outputs of the ODSL 30/D...

In addition, the ODSL 30/D... with serial output also has two switching outputs. The position within the measurement range at which the switching outputs become active can be set arbitrarily via a teach line or via configuration. In addition to the switching points, it is also possible to configure the switching hysteresis, the switching behavior (light/dark switching), and the type of switching output (PNP high active or NPN low active or PNP/NPN push-pull).

Teaching always takes place towards the upper switching point (see figure 3.6 on page 16). The lower switching point is set to the value '199' by default and can be adjusted via the operating menu. The following table applies for a lower switching point of 199mm.

| Object distance | Light switching | | Dark switching | |
|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------|----------------|-----------|
| | Output Q1 | Output Q2 | Output Q1 | Output Q2 |
| No object (no signal) | Off | Off | On | On |
| < 200mm ¹⁾ | On | On | Off | Off |
| < teach value | On | On | Off | Off |
| > teach value | Off | Off | On | On |

1) Only if a reception signal is available that can still be evaluated, otherwise same as "no object"

Notes regarding the termination of the data lines of the ODSL 30/D 485...

The ODSL 30/D 485... features a combined transmitter and receiver component that can transmit serial data according to the RS 485 and RS 422 standard (see TIA/EIA-485-A or DIN66259, Part 3).

These standards define some basic rules that should be followed in order to achieve the most reliable data transmission:

- The data lines A and B (which correspond to the ODSL 30 pins Tx+ and Tx-) are connected to a characteristic impedance of $Z_0 \approx 120\Omega$ via a 2-wire twisted pair cable.
- The end of the data line (and the beginning in case of RS 485) is terminated using a 120Ω resistor. The ODSL 30/D 485... does not have an internal bus termination.
- The RS 485 bus participants are wired in a linear bus topology, i.e., the data line is fed from one bus participant to the next. Stub cables are to be avoided or to be kept as short as possible.
- The RS 485 specification assumes an inactive potential difference of $U_{AB} \geq 200\text{mV}$ between the data lines. A bus termination in the form of a voltage divider should be implemented in order to maintain this level. Usually, it is connected to the RS 485 coupling module of the PLC.

The RS 485 specification permits transmission rates in the megabit range for up to 32 participants. The ODSL 30/D 485... is designed for a data rate of typically 9600 baud (600 ... 115200 baud can be configured). In practice, this means that the strict requirements regarding the bus termination and the cabling are "softened" for a few bus participants.

However, it is important to maintain the bus idle levels ($U_{AB} \geq 200\text{mV}$). If the PLC coupling module does not include a bus termination with voltage divider, the following circuit may be used.

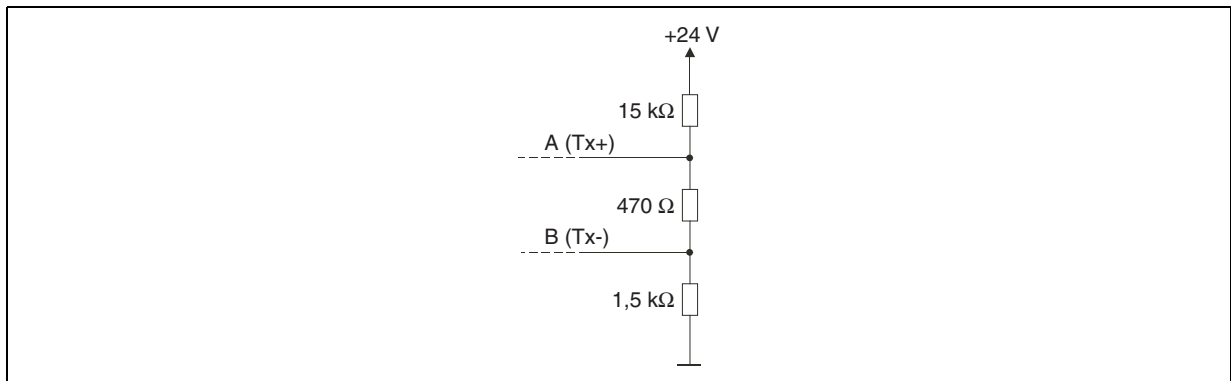


Figure 3.8: Voltage divider for the RS 485 bus termination

The RS 422 connection does not require a bus termination for cable lengths up to approx. 20m and data rates less than 9600 baud.

Further information:

- RS 422: Electrical specification acc. to DIN 66259, Part 3
- ISO 8482: Abstract

Specifies the physical medium characteristics for twisted pair multipoint interconnections in either 2-wire or 4-wire network topology, a binary and bi-directional signal transfer, the electrical and mechanical design of the endpoint system branch cables and the common trunk cable which may be up to 1200m in length, the component measurements of the integrated type generators and receivers within the endpoint system, the applicable data signalling rate up to 12.5 Mbit/s.

3.5 Operation with fieldbus and Ethernet

Sensors ODSL 30/D232-30M-S12 with an RS 232 serial interface can be connected with MA 2xxi modular connection units to the following fieldbus and Ethernet types:

- PROFIBUS DP → **MA 204*i***
- Ethernet TCP/IP → **MA 208*i***
- CANopen → **MA 235*i***
- EtherCAT → **MA 238*i***
- PROFINET-IO → **MA 248*i***
- DeviceNet → **MA 255*i***
- EtherNet/IP → **MA 258*i***

To do this, the modular connection unit is connected to the sensor via a connection cable. To operate the distance sensors, rotary switch **S4** of the modular connection unit must be set to switch position **B**.

Further details can be found in the technical descriptions of the modular connection units.

NOTE



The default settings of the ODSL 30/D232... serial interface have to be adjusted. For additional information on configuring the interface, refer to see chapter 3.7.3.

Specifications for the serial interface

COM function: **ASCII** (see see page 33)

Baud rate: **38400 baud** (see see page 33)

3.6 Operation ODSL 30

Indicators and operational controls

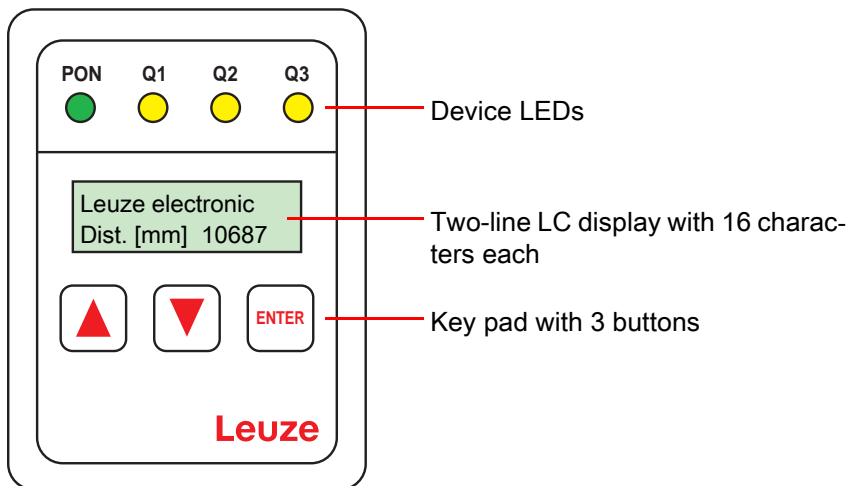



Figure 3.9: Indicators and operational controls ODSL 30

3.6.1 LED indicators ODSL 30

| LED | Color | Display when Sensor operation | Activated teach-in characteristic output curve ¹⁾ |
|------------------|--------------------------|---|--|
| PON | Green, continuous light | Ready | Teach event |
| | Green, flashing | – | Teach event |
| | Green off | No voltage | |
| Q1, Q2, Q3 | Yellow, continuous light | Object within teach-in measurement distance | Teach event |
| | Yellow flashing | – | Teach event |
| | Yellow off | Object outside teach-in measurement distance or no signal present | |

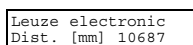
1) The teach-in process is described in detail in Section 3.4.1 and Section 6.3

NOTE

 The 3 yellow LEDs Q1, Q2 and Q3 for the status display of the up to 3 switching outputs are additionally located in the optical window of the ODSL 30. Only the LEDs for those switching outputs that are actually available in the respective device model have a function.


3.6.2 Switching on

After switching on and following error-free initialization of the device, the green LED **PON** illuminates continuously: the ODSL 30 is in measure mode. The display lighting remains switched off.



In measure mode, the LC display shows the current measurement value in millimetres. If no object is detected or if the signal is too weak, the notice **NO SIGNAL** appears on the display.

NOTE

 After an operating time of 30 min., the device has reached the operating temperature required for an optimal measurement and should be referenced then.

3.6.3 Adjustment of the display contrast

While switching the device on, press both arrow keys of the ODSL 30 simultaneously.

```
contrast: 160
```

After releasing the keys, you can decrease or increase the contrast of the LC display with the arrow keys (value range 0 ... 255). By pressing ENTER, the adjusted contrast value is applied and you get to the configuration menu of the ODSL 30.

3.6.4 Reset to factory settings

By pressing ENTER while switching the device on, you can reset the configuration of the ODSL 30 to the factory settings.

A safety prompt appears.

```
Default Setting?
Press ↵ for OK
```

By pressing ENTER again, all parameters are reset to factory settings. All settings made previously are permanently lost. By pressing an arrow key, the ODSL 30 returns to measurement operation without resetting the parameters.

3.6.5 Querying the device software version

You can query the device software version in the menu for configuring the ODSL 30. To do this, select the following menu item in the Service Menu:

```
SW V01.20 YMMDD   <- Software version V0x.xx with date (YY = year, MM = month, DD = day)
Val:              31024
```


3.6.6 Referencing the device

The ODSL 30 is equipped with a referencing function for internally calibrating the sensor.

By carrying out the integrated referencing function before a measurement, the sensor's accuracy can be improved.

A referencing operation is performed

- **when switching on** the device (Power-On).
- **by means of a signal** at the activation/referencing input (PIN 2).
- **by means of a command** in remote control operation (ODSL 30/D... only).

| NOTE | |
|---|--|
|  | In particular, the referencing function should be performed for changing environmental conditions. |

While the referencing function is carried out (duration approx. 350ms), no measurement can be taken.

3.7 Configuration ODSL 30

Configuration / navigation in the menu

By pressing an arbitrary key, the LC display illumination is switched on, and the configuration menu of the ODSL 30 appears.

- ↵ You can scroll through the menu items using the arrow keys.
- ↵ You can select the individual menu items by pressing ENTER.
- ↵ If a value or parameter can be changed, a cursor flashes. You can change this value or parameter by using the arrow keys. You apply the setting by pressing ENTER.
- ↵ Via the menu item "Return", you return to the parent level in the menu structure.
- ↵ Via the menu item "Exit from Menu", you return to the measure mode.

NOTE




Values that can be toggled or edited are shown in red (PDF file) or grey (b/w print of the manual) in the menu structure.

If no key is pressed for 60s in the configuration menu, the device automatically returns to the measure mode.


The device can be protected against unauthorized configuration change by activating the password query. The **password** is permanently set to **165**.

3.7.1 Configuration / menu structure ODSL 30/V... (analog)

| Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Level 4 | Explanation / Notes | Default |
|---|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|---------|
| Applic. Param. | Tmeas Bgnd Rem. 100ms 150m 6-90% | Tmeas Bgnd Rem. 100ms 150m 6-90% | | Measurement time / uniqueness range / object diffuse reflection | X |
|  <p>Note The functions under Applic. Param. are not available until the Advanced menu is activated (see see chapter 3.8)</p> | | Tmeas Bgnd Rem. 80ms 39m 6-90% | | Measurement time / uniqueness range / object diffuse reflection | |
| | | Tmeas Bgnd Rem. 70ms 9.8m 6-90% | | Measurement time / uniqueness range / object diffuse reflection | |
| | | Tmeas Bgnd Rem. 50ms 150m 50-90% | | Measurement time / uniqueness range / object diffuse reflection | |
| | | Tmeas Bgnd Rem. 40ms 39m 50-90% | | Measurement time / uniqueness range / object diffuse reflection | |
| | | Tmeas Bgnd Rem. 30ms 9.8m 50-90% | | Measurement time / uniqueness range / object diffuse reflection | |
| | | | | | |
| | Disp. Resolution 1mm | Disp. Resolution 1mm | | Display resolution 1mm | X |
| | | Disp. Resolution 0.1mm | | Display resolution 0.1mm | |
| | Offset/Preset | Offset Direction ... positive | Offset Direction ... positive | Offset sign positive | X |
| | | | Offset Direction ... negative | Offset sign negative | |
| | | Offset value [mm] Value: 000000 | Offset value [mm] act Val. 000000 | Offset value, entry in mm | 0 |
| | | Preset value [mm] Value: 000000 | Preset value [mm] act Val. 000000 | Preset value, entry in mm | 0 |
| | | Preset Calculate ... inactive | Preset Calculate ... active | Trigger of the preset function | |
| | Return | | | Return to level 1 | |
| Input Menu | Inp. teach Q1/Q2 Teach Out Q1/Q2 | Inp. teach Q1/Q2 Teach Out Q1/Q2 | | Teach input is activated | X |
| | | Inp. teach Q1/Q2 Input disabled | | Teach input is deactivated | |
| | Input active/ref Referencing | Input active/ref Referencing | | Input is referencing input | X |
| | | Input active/ref Activation + Ref | | Input is activation and referencing input | |
| | | Input active/ref Input disabled | | Input activ is deactivated | |
| | Input Polarity active HIGH +24V | Input Polarity active HIGH +24V | | All inputs are active high | X |
| | | Input Polarity active LOW 0V | | All inputs are active low | |
| | Teach Mode slope control | Teach Mode slope control | | Teach-in, slope controlled | X |
| | | Teach Mode time control | | Teach-in, time controlled | |
| | Return | | | Return to level 1 | |


| Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Level 4 | Explanation / Notes | Default |
|-----------------|------------------------------------|--|---|---|---------|
| Output Q Menu | Q1 Function sel. | Q1 Upper Sw. Pt. Value: 001000 | Q1 Upper Sw. Pt. act Value: 001000 | Upper switching point of output Q1 in millimetres | 1000 |
| | | Q1 Lower Sw. Pt. Value: 000199 | Q1 Lower Sw. Pt. act Value: 000199 | Lower switching point of output Q1 in millimetres | 199 |
| | | Q1 Hysteresis Value: 000020 | Q1 Hysteresis act Value: 00020 | Switching hysteresis of output Q1 in millimeters | 20 |
| | | Q1 light/dark light switching | Q1 light/dark light switching | Q1 is active if an object is in the switching range | X |
| | | | Q1 light/dark dark switching | Q1 is active if no object is present in the switching range | |
| | | Q1 Driver PNP high active | Q1 Driver PNP high active | Q1 is high-side output (PNP) | X |
| | | | Q1 Driver NPN low active | Q1 is low-side output (NPN) | |
| | | | Q1 Driver PNP/NPN pushpull | Q1 is push-pull output | |
| | | | Return | Return to level 2 | |
| | | | Return | Return to level 1 | |
| Analog Out Menu | Cal. Ana. Output Current 4-20mA | Cal. Ana. Output Current 4-20mA | Current output calibrated, Voltage output uncalibrated | X | |
| | | Cal. Ana. Output Voltage 1-10V | Voltage output calibrated, Current output uncalibrated | | |
| | | Pos for max. val Value: 005000 | Pos for max. val act Value: 05000 | Distance [mm], at which the max. analog value is output | 5000 |
| | | Pos for min. val Value: 000200 | Pos for min. val act Value: 00200 | Distance [mm], at which the min. analog value is output | 200 |
| | | Return | Return to level 1 | | |
| Service Menu | Password Check inactive | Password Check inactive | Password for menu access not active | X | |
| | | Password Check activated | Menu access password active, password: 165 (n. changeable) | | |
| | ODSL30Serial No. Val: 99999 | Display of serial number, no changes possible | | | |
| | SW V01.20 YMMDD Val: 31024 | Display of software version, no changes possible | | | |
| | Parameter YMMDD Val: 31024 | Display of parameter version, no changes possible | | | |
| | Interface type Analog Interface | Display of the interface type, no changes possible | | | |
| | Return | Return to level 1 | | | |
| Exit from Menu | | Return to measure mode | | | |

3.7.2 Configuration / menu structure ODSL 30/24... (3 switching outputs)

| Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Level 4 | Explanation / Notes | Default |
|---|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|---------|
| Applic. Param. | Tmeas Bgnd Rem. 100ms 150m 6-90% | Tmeas Bgnd Rem. 100ms 150m 6-90% | | Measurement time / uniqueness range / object dif- fuse reflection | X |
|  <p>Note The functions under Applic. Param. are not available until the Advanced menu is activated (see see chapter 3.8)</p> | | Tmeas Bgnd Rem. 80ms 39m 6-90% | | Measurement time / uniqueness range / object dif- fuse reflection | |
| | | Tmeas Bgnd Rem. 70ms 9.8m 6-90% | | Measurement time / uniqueness range / object dif- fuse reflection | |
| | | Tmeas Bgnd Rem. 50ms 150m 50-90% | | Measurement time / uniqueness range / object dif- fuse reflection | |
| | | Tmeas Bgnd Rem. 40ms 39m 50-90% | | Measurement time / uniqueness range / object dif- fuse reflection | |
| | | Tmeas Bgnd Rem. 30ms 9.8m 50-90% | | Measurement time / uniqueness range / object dif- fuse reflection | |
| | | | | | |
| | Disp. Resolution 1mm | Disp. Resolution 1mm | | Display resolution 1 mm | X |
| | | Disp. Resolution 0.1mm | | Display resolution 0.1 mm | |
| | Offset/Preset | Offset Direction ... positive | Offset Direction ... positive | Offset sign positive | X |
| | | | Offset Direction ... negative | Offset sign negative | |
| | | Offset value [mm] Value: 000000 | Offset value [mm] act Val. 000000 | Offset value, entry in mm | 0 |
| | | Preset value [mm] Value: 000000 | Preset value [mm] act Val. 000000 | Preset value, entry in mm | 0 |
| | | Preset Calculate ... inactive | Preset Calculate ... active | Trigger of the preset function | |
| | Return | | | Return to level 1 | |
| Input Menu | Inp. teach Q1/Q2 Teach Out Q1/Q2 | Inp. teach Q1/Q2 Teach Out Q1/Q2 | | Teach input is activated | X |
| | | Inp. teach Q1/Q2 Input disabled | | Teach input is deactivated | |
| | Input active/ref Referencing | Input active/ref Referencing | | Input is referencing input | X |
| | | Input active/ref Activation + Ref | | Input is activation and referencing input | |
| | | Input active/ref Input disabled | | Input activ is deactivated | |
| | Inp. teach Q3 Teach output Q3 | Inp. teach Q3 Teach Output Q3 | | Teach input is activated | X |
| | | Inp. teach Q3 Input disabled | | Teach input is deactivated | |
| | Input Polarity active HIGH +24V | Input Polarity active HIGH +24V | | All inputs are active high | X |
| | | Input Polarity active LOW 0V | | All inputs are active low | |
| | Return | | | Return to level 1 | |

| Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Level 4 | Explanation / Notes | Default | | |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|---|--|---|------|
| Output Q Menu | Q1 Function sel. | Q1 Upper Sw. Pt. Value: 001000 | Q1 Upper Sw. Pt. act Value: 001000 | Upper switching point of output Q1 in millimetres | 1000 | | |
| | | Q1 Lower Sw. Pt. Value: 000199 | Q1 Lower Sw. Pt. act Value: 000199 | Lower switching point of output Q1 in millimetres | 199 | | |
| | | Q1 Hysteresis Value: 000020 | Q1 Hysteresis act Value: 000020 | Switching hysteresis of output Q1 in millimeters | 20 | | |
| | | Q1 light/dark light switching | Q1 light/dark light switching | Q1 is active if an object is in the switching range | X | | |
| | | | Q1 light/dark dark switching | Q1 is active if no object is present in the switching range | | | |
| | | Q1 Driver PNP high active | Q1 Driver PNP high active | Q1 is high-side output (PNP) | X | | |
| | | | Q1 Driver NPN low active | Q1 is low-side output (NPN) | | | |
| | | | Q1 Driver PNP/NPN pushpull | Q1 is push-pull output | | | |
| | | Return | | Return to level 2 | | | |
| | | Q2 Function sel. | Q2 Function sel. | Q2 Upper Sw. Pt. Value: 001500 | Q2 Upper Sw. Pt. act Value: 001500 | Upper switching point of output Q2 in millimetres | 1500 |
| | | | | Q2 Lower Sw. Pt. Value: 000199 | Q2 Lower Sw. Pt. act Value: 000199 | Lower switching point of output Q2 in millimetres | 199 |
| | | | | Q2 Hysteresis Value: 000020 | Q2 Hysteresis act Value: 000020 | Switching hysteresis of output Q2 in millimeters | 20 |
| | | | | Q2 light/dark light switching | Q2 light/dark light switching | Q2 is active if an object is in the switching range | X |
| | | | | | Q2 light/dark dark switching | Q2 is active if no object is present in the switching range | |
| | | | | Q2 Driver PNP high active | Q2 Driver PNP high active | Q2 is high-side output (PNP) | X |
| Q2 Driver NPN low active | Q2 is low-side output (NPN) | | | | | | |
| Q2 Driver PNP/NPN pushpull | Q2 is push-pull output | | | | | | |
| Return | | | | Return to level 2 | | | |
| Q3 Function sel. | Q3 Function sel. | | | Q3 Upper Sw. Pt. Value: 002000 | Q3 Upper Sw. Pt. act Value: 002000 | Upper switching point of output Q3 in millimetres | 2000 |
| | | | | Q3 Lower Sw. Pt. Value: 000199 | Q3 Lower Sw. Pt. act Value: 000199 | Lower switching point of output Q3 in millimetres | 199 |
| | | | | Q3 Hysteresis Value: 000020 | Q3 Hysteresis act Value: 000020 | Switching hysteresis of output Q3 in millimeters | 20 |
| | | | | Q3 light/dark light switching | Q3 light/dark light switching | Q3 is active if an object is in the switching range | X |
| | | | | | Q3 light/dark dark switching | Q3 is active if no object is present in the switching range | |
| | | | | Q3 Driver PNP high active | Q3 Driver PNP high active | Q3 is high-side output (PNP) | X |
| | | Q3 Driver NPN low active | Q3 is low-side output (NPN) | | | | |
| | | Q3 Driver PNP/NPN pushpull | Q3 is push-pull output | | | | |
| | | Return | | Return to level 2 | | | |
| | | Return | | Return to level 1 | | | |
| | | Service Menu | Password Check inactive | Password Check inactive | Password for menu access not active | X | |
| | | | | Password Check activated | Menu access password active, password: 165 (n. changeable) | | |
| | | | ODSL30Serial No. Val: 99999 | | Display of serial number, no changes possible | | |
| | | | SW V01.20 YYMMDD Val: 31024 | | Display of software version, no changes possible | | |
| | | | Parameter YYMMDD Val: 31024 | | Display of parameter version, no changes possible | | |
| Interface type 3 Outp. Q1-Q2-Q3 | | | Display of the interface type, no changes possible | | | | |
| Return | | | Return to level 1 | | | | |
| Exit from Menu | | Return to measure mode | | | | | |

3.7.3 Configuration / menu structure ODSL 30/D 232... (digital RS 232)

| Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Level 4 | Explanation / Notes | Default |
|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|------------------------|
| Applic. Param. | Tmeas Bgnd Rem. 100ms 150m 6-90% | Tmeas Bgnd Rem. 100ms 150m 6-90% | | Measurement time / uniqueness range / object diffuse reflection | X |
|  <p>Note The functions under Applic. Param. are not available until the Advanced menu is activated (see see chapter 3.8)</p> | | Tmeas Bgnd Rem. 80ms 39m 6-90% | | Measurement time / uniqueness range / object diffuse reflection | |
| | | Tmeas Bgnd Rem. 70ms 9.8m 6-90% | | Measurement time / uniqueness range / object diffuse reflection | |
| | | Tmeas Bgnd Rem. 50ms 150m 50-90% | | Measurement time / uniqueness range / object diffuse reflection | |
| | | Tmeas Bgnd Rem. 40ms 39m 50-90% | | Measurement time / uniqueness range / object diffuse reflection | |
| | | Tmeas Bgnd Rem. 30ms 9.8m 50-90% | | Measurement time / uniqueness range / object diffuse reflection | |
| | | Disp. Resolution 1mm | Disp. Resolution 1mm | | Display resolution 1mm |
| | | Disp. Resolution 0.1mm | | Display resolution 0.1mm | |
| | Offset/Preset | Offset Direction ... positive | Offset Direction ... positive | Offset sign positive | X |
| | | | Offset Direction ... negative | Offset sign negative | |
| | | Offset value [mm] Value: 000000 | Offset value [mm] act Val. 000000 | Offset value, entry in mm | 0 |
| | | Preset value [mm] Value: 000000 | Preset value [mm] act Val. 000000 | Preset value, entry in mm | 0 |
| | | Preset Calculate ... inactive | Preset Calculate ... active | Trigger of the preset function | |
| | Return | | | Return to level 1 | |
| Input Menu | Inp. teach Q1/Q2 Teach Out Q1/Q2 | Inp. teach Q1/Q2 Teach Out Q1/Q2 | | Teach input is activated | X |
| | | Inp. teach Q1/Q2 Input disabled | | Teach input is deactivated | |
| | Input active/ref Referencing | Input active/ref Referencing | | Input is referencing input | X |
| | | Input active/ref Activation + Ref | | Input is activation and referencing input | |
| | | Input active/ref Input disabled | | Input activ is deactivated | |
| | Input Polarity active HIGH +24V | Input Polarity active HIGH +24V | | All inputs are active high | X |
| | | Input Polarity active LOW 0V | | All inputs are active low | |
| | Return | | | Return to level 1 | |
| Output Q Menu | Q1 Function sel. | Q1 Upper Sw. Pt. Value: 001000 | Q1 Upper Sw. Pt. act Value: 001000 | Upper switching point of output Q1 in millimetres | 1000 |
| | | Q1 Lower Sw. Pt. Value: 000199 | Q1 Lower Sw. Pt. act Value: 000199 | Lower switching point of output Q1 in millimetres | 199 |
| | | Q1 Hysteresis Value: 000020 | Q1 Hysteresis act Value: 00020 | Switching hysteresis of output Q1 in millimeters | 20 |
| | | Q1 light/dark light switching | Q1 light/dark light switching | Q1 is active if an object is in the switching range | X |
| | | | Q1 light/dark dark switching | Q1 is active if no object is present in the switching range | |
| | | Q1 Driver PNP high active | Q1 Driver PNP high active | Q1 is high-side output (PNP) | X |
| | | | Q1 Driver NPN low active | Q1 is low-side output (NPN) | |
| | | | Q1 Driver PNP/NPN pushpull | Q1 is push-pull output | |
| | Return | | | Return to level 2 | |
| | Q2 Function sel. | Q2 Upper Sw. Pt. Value: 001500 | Q2 Upper Sw. Pt. act Value: 001500 | Upper switching point of output Q2 in millimetres | 1500 |
| | | Q2 Lower Sw. Pt. Value: 000199 | Q2 Lower Sw. Pt. act Value: 000199 | Lower switching point of output Q2 in millimetres | 199 |
| | | Q2 Hysteresis Value: 000020 | Q2 Hysteresis act Value: 00020 | Switching hysteresis of output Q2 in millimeters | 20 |
| | | Q2 light/dark light switching | Q2 light/dark light switching | Q2 is active if an object is in the switching range | X |
| | | | Q2 light/dark dark switching | Q2 is active if no object is present in the switching range | |
| | | Q2 Driver PNP high active | Q2 Driver PNP high active | Q2 is high-side output (PNP) | X |
| | | | Q2 Driver NPN low active | Q2 is low-side output (NPN) | |
| | | | Q2 Driver PNP/NPN pushpull | Q2 is push-pull output | |
| | Return | | | Return to level 2 | |
| | Return | | | Return to level 1 | |

| Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Level 4 | Explanation / Notes | Default |
|-----------------|------------------------------------|---|--|--|---------|
| Serial COM Menu | COM Function sel ASCII Distance | COM Function sel ASCII Distance | | Serial transmission, output in ASCII, 5 bytes, resolution. 1mm | X |
| | | COM Function sel ASCII Dist. .1mm | | Serial transmission, output in ASCII, 6 bytes, resolution. 0.1mm | |
| | | COM Function sel Distance 14Bit | | Serial transmission, 2 bytes, 15m meas. range, res. 1mm | |
| | | COM Function sel Distance 16Bit | | Serial transmission, 3 bytes, 30m meas. range, res. 1mm | |
| | | COM Function sel Distance 20Bit | | Serial transmission, 4 bytes, 30m meas. range, res. 0.1mm | |
| | | COM Function sel Remote Control | | Remote control activated, RS 232 no bus operation | |
| | | COM Function sel switched OFF | | Serial data transmission deactivated | |
| | | Node Address Value: 000 | Node Address act Value: 000 | Node address 0 ... 14 | 0 |
| | | Baudrate COM Baudrate 9600 | Baudrate COM Baudrate 9600 | Baud rate 9600 bit/s | X |
| | | | Baudrate COM Baudrate 19200 | Baud rate 19200 bit/s | |
| | | Baudrate COM Baudrate 28800 | Baud rate 28800 bit/s | | |
| | | Baudrate COM Baudrate 38400 | Baud rate 38400 bit/s | | |
| | | Baudrate COM Baudrate 57600 | Baud rate 57600 bit/s | | |
| | | Baudrate COM Baudrate 115200 | Baud rate 115200 bit/s | | |
| | | Baudrate COM Baudrate 600 | Baud rate 600 bit/s | | |
| | | Baudrate COM Baudrate 1200 | Baud rate 1200 bit/s | | |
| | | Baudrate COM Baudrate 2400 | Baud rate 2400 bit/s | | |
| | | Baudrate COM Baudrate 4800 | Baud rate 4800 bit/s | | |
| | Stop bits COM 1 | Stop bits COM 1 | Number of stop bits: 1 | X | |
| | | Stop bits COM 2 | Number of stop bits: 2 | | |
| | Return | | Return to level 1 | | |
| Service Menu | Password Check inactive | Password Check inactive | Password for menu access not active | X | |
| | | Password Check activated | Menu access password active, password: 165 (n. changeable) | | |
| | ODSL30Serial No. Val: 99999 | | Display of serial number, no changes possible | | |
| | SW V01.20 YMMDD Val: 31024 | | Display of software version, no changes possible | | |
| | Parameter YMMDD Val: 31024 | | Display of parameter version, no changes possible | | |
| | Interface type RS232 interface | | Display of the interface type, no changes possible | | |
| | Return | | Return to level 1 | | |
| Exit from Menu | | | Return to measure mode | | |

3.7.4 Configuration / menu structure ODSL 30/D 485... (digital RS 485)

| Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Level 4 | Explanation / Notes | Default |
|---|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|-------------------------|
| Applic. Param. | Tmeas Bgnd Rem. 100ms 150m 6-90% | Tmeas Bgnd Rem. 100ms 150m 6-90% | | Measurement time / uniqueness range / object diffuse reflection | X |
|  <p>Note The functions under Applic. Param. are not available until the Advanced menu is activated (see see chapter 3.8)</p> | | Tmeas Bgnd Rem. 80ms 39m 6-90% | | Measurement time / uniqueness range / object diffuse reflection | |
| | | Tmeas Bgnd Rem. 70ms 9.8m 6-90% | | Measurement time / uniqueness range / object diffuse reflection | |
| | | Tmeas Bgnd Rem. 50ms 150m 50-90% | | Measurement time / uniqueness range / object diffuse reflection | |
| | | Tmeas Bgnd Rem. 40ms 39m 50-90% | | Measurement time / uniqueness range / object diffuse reflection | |
| | | Tmeas Bgnd Rem. 30ms 9.8m 50-90% | | Measurement time / uniqueness range / object diffuse reflection | |
| | | Disp. Resolution 1mm | Disp. Resolution 1mm | | Display resolution 1 mm |
| | | Disp. Resolution 0.1mm | | Display resolution 0.1 mm | |
| | Offset/Preset | Offset Direction ... positive | Offset Direction ... positive | Offset sign positive | X |
| | | | Offset Direction ... negative | Offset sign negative | |
| | | Offset value [mm] Value: 000000 | Offset value [mm] act Val. 000000 | Offset value, entry in mm | 0 |
| | | Preset value [mm] Value: 000000 | Preset value [mm] act Val. 000000 | Preset value, entry in mm | 0 |
| | | Preset Calculate ... inactive | Preset Calculate ... active | Trigger of the preset function | |
| | Return | | | Return to level 1 | |
| Input Menu | Inp. teach Q1/Q2 Teach Out Q1/Q2 | Inp. teach Q1/Q2 Teach Out Q1/Q2 | | Teach input is activated | X |
| | | Inp. teach Q1/Q2 Input disabled | | Teach input is deactivated | |
| | Input active/ref Referencing | Input active/ref Referencing | | Input is referencing input | X |
| | | Input active/ref Activation + Ref | | Input is activation and referencing input | |
| | | Input active/ref Input disabled | | Input activ is deactivated | |
| | Input Polarity active HIGH +24V | Input Polarity active HIGH +24V | | All inputs are active high | X |
| | | Input Polarity active LOW 0V | | All inputs are active low | |
| | Return | | | Return to level 1 | |
| Output Q Menu | Q1 Function sel. | Q1 Upper Sw. Pt. Value: 001000 | Q1 Upper Sw. Pt. act Value: 001000 | Upper switching point of output Q1 in millimetres | 1000 |
| | | Q1 Lower Sw. Pt. Value: 000199 | Q1 Lower Sw. Pt. act Value: 000199 | Lower switching point of output Q1 in millimetres | 199 |
| | | Q1 Hysteresis Value: 000020 | Q1 Hysteresis act Value: 00020 | Switching hysteresis of output Q1 in millimetres | 20 |
| | | Q1 light/dark light switching | Q1 light/dark light switching | Q1 is active if an object is in the switching range | X |
| | | | Q1 light/dark dark switching | Q1 is active if no object is present in the switching range | |
| | | Q1 Driver PNP high active | Q1 Driver PNP high active | Q1 is high-side output (PNP) | X |
| | | | Q1 Driver NPN low active | Q1 is low-side output (NPN) | |
| | | | Q1 Driver PNP/NPN pushpull | Q1 is push-pull output | |
| | Return | | | Return to level 2 | |
| | Q2 Function sel. | Q2 Upper Sw. Pt. Value: 001500 | Q2 Upper Sw. Pt. act Value: 001500 | Upper switching point of output Q2 in millimetres | 1500 |
| | | Q2 Lower Sw. Pt. Value: 000199 | Q2 Lower Sw. Pt. act Value: 000199 | Lower switching point of output Q2 in millimetres | 199 |
| | | Q2 Hysteresis Value: 000020 | Q2 Hysteresis act Value: 00020 | Switching hysteresis of output Q2 in millimetres | 20 |
| | | Q2 light/dark light switching | Q2 light/dark light switching | Q2 is active if an object is in the switching range | X |
| | | | Q2 light/dark dark switching | Q2 is active if no object is present in the switching range | |
| | | Q2 Driver PNP high active | Q2 Driver PNP high active | Q2 is high-side output (PNP) | X |
| | | | Q2 Driver NPN low active | Q2 is low-side output (NPN) | |
| | | | Q2 Driver PNP/NPN pushpull | Q2 is push-pull output | |
| | Return | | | Return to level 2 | |
| | Return | | | Return to level 1 | |

| Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Level 4 | Explanation / Notes | Default | |
|--|------------------------------------|---|--|--|-----------------------|---|
| Serial COM Menu | COM Function sel ASCII Distance | COM Function sel ASCII Distance | | Serial transmission, output in ASCII, 5 bytes, resolution. 1mm | X | |
| | | COM Function sel ASCII Dist. .1mm | | Serial transmission, output in ASCII, 6 bytes, resolution. 0.1mm | | |
| | | COM Function sel Distance 14Bit | | Serial transmission, 2 bytes, 15m meas. range, res. 1mm | | |
| | | COM Function sel Distance 16Bit | | Serial transmission, 3 bytes, 30m meas. range, res. 1mm | | |
| | | COM Function sel Distance 20Bit | | Serial transmission, 4 bytes, 30m meas. range, res. 0.1mm | | |
| | | COM Function sel Remote Control | | Remote control activated via bus commands | | |
| | | COM Function sel switched OFF | | Serial data transmission deactivated | | |
| | Node Address Value: 000 | Node Address act Value: 000 | | Node address 0 ... 14 | 0 | |
| | Baudrate COM Baudrate 9600 | | Baudrate COM Baudrate 9600 | | Baud rate 9600 bit/s | X |
| | | | Baudrate COM Baudrate 19200 | | Baud rate 19200 bit/s | |
| | | | Baudrate COM Baudrate 28800 | | Baud rate 28800 bit/s | |
| | | | Baudrate COM Baudrate 38400 | | Baud rate 38400 bit/s | |
| | | | Baudrate COM Baudrate 57600 | | Baud rate 57600 bit/s | |
| Baudrate COM Baudrate 115200 | | | | Baud rate 115200 bit/s | | |
| Baudrate COM Baudrate 600 | | | | Baud rate 600 bit/s | | |
| Baudrate COM Baudrate 1200 | | | | Baud rate 1200 bit/s | | |
| Baudrate COM Baudrate 2400 | | | | Baud rate 2400 bit/s | | |
| Baudrate COM Baudrate 4800 | | | | Baud rate 4800 bit/s | | |
| Stop bits COM 1 | | Stop bits COM 1 | | Number of stop bits: 1 | X | |
| | | Stop bits COM 2 | | Number of stop bits: 2 | | |
| Return | | | Return to level 1 | | | |
| Service Menu | Password Check inactive | Password Check inactive | | Password for menu access not active | X | |
| | | Password Check activated | | Menu access password active, password: 165 (n. changeable) | | |
| | ODSL30Serial No. Val: 99999 | | Display of serial number, no changes possible | | | |
| | SW V01.20 YMMDD Val: 31024 | | Display of software version, no changes possible | | | |
| | Parameter YMMDD Val: 31024 | | Display of parameter version, no changes possible | | | |
| | Interface type RS485 interface | | Display of the interface type, no changes possible | | | |
| Return | | | Return to level 1 | | | |
| Exit from Menu | | | Return to measure mode | | | |



























3.7.5 Operating example

The following values are to be configured for an ODSL 30/V...:































- calibrated current output 4 ... 20mA, characteristic curve with positive gradient and measurement range 500 ... 3500mm.
- upper switching point for output Q1 at 3000mm and lower switching point for output Q1 at 2000mm.

The device is set to factory settings and is in measure mode.


Configuring the calibrated current output

| Action | Display | Explanation / Notes |
|---|--------------------------------------|--|
| Press an arbitrary key  ,  , or  . | Input Menu | You get to the configuration menu for the ODSL 30... |
| Press the keys  and  to change to the menu item "Analog Out Menu". | Analog Out Menu | This menu item configures the analog output. |
| Select menu item with the  key. | Cal. Ana. Output Current 4-20mA | Current output 4 ... 20mA is already set as the calibrated output. |
| Press the keys  and  to change to the menu item "Pos for min. val". | Pos for min. val Value: 000200 | This menu item sets the distance value for the minimum analog value. |
| Press the  key to edit the value. | Pos for min. val act Value: 00200 | Ready for editing. |
| Press the  and  keys to change the current value to "500". | Pos for min. val new Value->00500 | New value has been edited. |
| Apply the new value by pressing the  key. | to store press ↓ new Val.: 00500 | Accept. |
| Save the new value by pressing the  key. | Pos for min. val Value: 000500 | Save. |
| Press the keys  and  to change to the menu item "Pos for max. val". | Pos for max. val Value: 005000 | This menu item sets the distance value for the maximum analog value. |
| Press the  key to edit the value. | Pos for max. val act Value: 05000 | Ready for editing. |
| Press the  and  keys to change the current value to "3500". | Pos for max. val new Value->03500 | New value has been edited. |
| Apply the new value by pressing the  key. | to store press ↓ new Val.: 03500 | Accept. |
| Save the new value by pressing the  key. | Pos for max. val Value: 003500 | Save. |
| Press the keys  and  to change to the menu item "Return". | Return | This menu item leads to the parent menu level. |
| Select menu item with the  key. | Analog Out Menu | Menu level 1. |
| Press the keys  and  to change to the menu item "Exit from Menu". | Exit from Menu | This menu item exits the configuration menu. |
| Select menu item with the  key. | Leuze electronic Dist. [mm] 10687 | The device has returned to measure mode |

Configuring switching points Q1

| Action | Display | Explanation / Notes |
|---|--|--|
| Press an arbitrary key  ,  , or  . | Input Menu | You get to the configuration menu for the ODSL 30... |
| Press the keys  and  to change to the menu item "Output Q Menu". | Output Q Menu | This menu item configures the switching outputs. |
| Select menu item with the  key. | Q1 Function sel. | This menu item configures the switching output Q1. |
| Select menu item with the  key. | Q1 Upper Sw. Pt. Value: 001000 | This menu item configures the upper switching point for output Q1. |
| Press the  key to edit the value. | Q1 Upper Sw. Pt. act Value: 001000 | Ready for editing. |
| Press the  and  keys to change the current value to "3000". | Q1 Upper Sw. Pt. new Value->003000 | New value has been edited. |
| Apply the new value by pressing the  key. | to store press  new Val.: 003000 | Accept. |
| Save the new value by pressing the  key. | Q1 Upper Sw. Pt. Value: 003000 | Save. |
| Press the keys  and  to change to the menu item "Q1 Lower Sw. Pt.". | Q1 Lower Sw. Pt. Value: 000199 | This menu item configures the lower switching point for output Q1. |
| Press the  key to edit the value. | Q1 Lower Sw. Pt. act Value: 000199 | Ready for editing. |
| Press the  and  keys to change the current value to "2000". | Q1 Lower Sw. Pt. new Value->002000 | New value has been edited. |
| Apply the new value by pressing the  key. | to store press  new Val.: 002000 | Accept. |
| Save the new value by pressing the  key. | Q1 Lower Sw. Pt. Value: 002000 | Save. |
| Press the keys  and  to change to the menu item "Return". | Return | This menu item leads to the parent menu level. |
| Select menu item with the  key. | Q1 Function sel. | Menu level 2. |
| Press the keys  and  to change to the menu item "Return". | Return | This menu item leads to the parent menu level. |
| Select menu item with the  key. | Output Q Menu | Menu level 1. |
| Press the keys  and  to change to the menu item "Exit from Menu". | Exit from Menu | This menu item exits the configuration menu. |
| Select menu item with the  key. | Leuze electronic Dist. [mm] 10687 | The device has returned to measure mode |


3.8 Advanced menu (for software versions V01.10 and newer)


| NOTE | |
|---|---|
|  | For information on querying the device software version, see see chapter 3.6.5. |

In addition to the described functions, additional, new functions are available in the **Advanced menu**:





- Setting an **offset/preset** value to compensate for mounting tolerances
- **Reduction in measurement time** to as little as 30ms
- Changing the **display resolution**

Also available in the Advanced menu is the menu item **Applic. Param..** This can be used to change the measurement value output of the ODSL 30.

| NOTE | |
|---|--|
|  | To protect against unintentional access, the Advanced menu is hidden from view by default and must first be activated by the user. |

| ⚠ ATTENTION | |
|---|---|
|  | Please be certain to read the following notes before you activate the advanced mode and change parameters in the menu item Applic. Param.. |


Activation of the advanced mode

- ↪ Hold down the  key during measurement operation for longer than 5s.
The **Advanced Menu? NO ↑or↓ YES↵** display appears.
 - ↪ Press the  or  key to cancel activation of the Advanced menu.
 - ↪ Confirm **Yes** by pressing the  button.
The **Advanced Menu is activated now** display appears briefly.
- The menu item **Applic. Param.** is now also available in menu level 1.

3.8.1 Setting an offset/preset value - Compensating mounting tolerances

Deviations which occur during mounting of the ODSL 30 can be compensated for with the **offset** or **preset** parameter:

- For **Offset**, a fixed value and a sign are specified.
- For **Preset**, a nominal measurement value is specified; a measurement is then performed using an object located at the desired nominal distance.

| ⚠ ATTENTION | |
|---|---|
|  | If the offset or preset results in negative measurement values, zero is output at the interface and on the display. |

Setting the offset

Configuration is performed using the membrane keyboard and display:

`Applic. Param. -> Offset/Preset`

The following can be entered:

- **Offset Direction**
Selection... `positive` or `negative`, i.e. specifies whether the offset value is added to or subtracted from the measurement value.
- **Offset value [mm]**
Enter the offset value.

The set offset value is subtracted from the calculated (digital) measurement value of the sensor if `negative` was set for the `Offset Direction`.

Example:

Measurement value of the ODSL 30: 1500mm,
Input: Offset value: 100mm,
Offset Direction: ... negative


Output on the display and at the interface: 1400 mm

Preset presetting

Configuration is performed using the membrane keyboard and display:

`Applic. Param. -> Offset/Preset`

Procedure for setting a preset value:

- Enter nominal value -> `Preset value [mm]`
- In menu item `Preset calculate`, select the option `... active`
- Press the  key to confirm.

A measurement is made, the preset is stored and the ODSL 30 is ready.

The offset value is automatically calculated from the measurement value and nominal measurement value (preset value) and entered as the offset in the configuration. **A preset is deactivated by entering an offset value of zero.**

Example:

| | |
|---|--|
| Input: | Preset value: 1400mm, |
| Object dist. 1300mm in front of ODSL30: | Preset Calculation ...active, trigger measurement, an offset of +100mm is automatically stored |
| Object distance: 1300 mm | Output to display and interface: 1400 mm |
| Object distance: 1400 mm | Output to display and interface: 1500 mm |

3.8.2 Reduction in measurement time to as little as 30ms

Definition of uniqueness range

Due to the periodicity of the sinusoid, the phase position of the signals received by the ODSL30 limits the determination of unique measurement values to within a specific interval. The length of this interval is called the uniqueness range. A large uniqueness range is equivalent to high background suppression.

Relationship between uniqueness range - diffuse reflectance - measurement time

In the default setting (uniqueness range 150m, measurement on both light as well as dark objects with diffuse reflectance of 6 ... 90%), the measurement time is 100ms.

By limiting the uniqueness range and the diffuse reflectance (measurements on only light objects with diffuse reflectance of 50 ... 90%), **the measurement time can be reduced to as little as 30ms.**

Configuration is performed using the membrane keyboard and display:


Applic. Param. -> Tmeas Bgnd Rem.

Changes to these variables yield measurement times as shown in the following table:


| Meas. time [ms] | Uniqueness range [m] | Object diffuse reflectance [%] | Setting in the menu item Tmeas Bgnd Rem. |
|-------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------------|---|
| 30 | 9.8 | 50 ... 90 (light objects) | 30ms 9.8m 50-90% |
| 40 | 39 | | 40ms 39m 50-90% |
| 50 | 150 | | 50ms 150m 50-90% |
| 70 | 9.8 | 6 ... 90 (light and dark objects) | 70ms 9.8m 6-90% |
| 80 | 39 | | 80ms 39m 6-90% |
| 100 ¹⁾ | 150 | | 100ms 150m 6-90% |

1) Default setting

NOTE

 By using the cooperative target CTS 100x100 (part no. 501 04599), you ensure that the diffuse reflectance on the surface being measured is 50 ... 90%.

ATTENTION

 If an object is located at a distance greater than the preselected uniqueness range, incorrect measurements will result (provided the reception signal is sufficiently high)!

Example:

With a uniqueness range of 9.8m, an object is located at a distance of 1m. The sensor outputs a correct measurement value of 1m.

If the object is located at a distance of 10.8m or 20.6m or 30.4m etc. from the sensor, the sensor outputs an incorrect measurement value of 1m, i.e. a correct measurement value is only output for objects located within the uniqueness range.

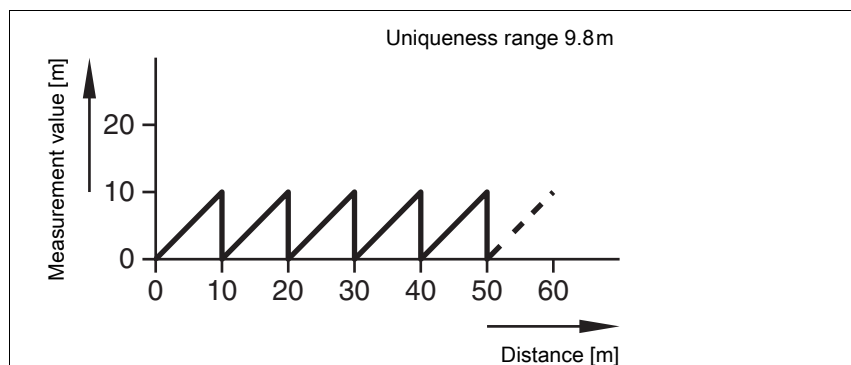


Figure 3.10: ODSL 30 measurement values with a uniqueness range of 9.8m

3.8.3 Changing the display resolution

On delivery, the measurement resolution of the ODSL 30 (display) is 1 mm. In the Advanced mode, the resolution of the display can be increased to 0.1 mm by configuring with the membrane keyboard and display:

Applic. Param. -> Disp. Resolution 0.1mm.

NOTE



This menu item refers **only to the display**. Changing this parameter has **no direct effect on the output** at the serial or analog interfaces

If you would like to transmit measurement data with a resolution of 0.1 mm using the ODSL 30/D... with serial interface, this can be parameterized at a different location (see see chapter 3.4.3).

For the ODSL 30/V..., the measurement range is to be restricted by appropriately configuring the analog output.

The configuration of a resolution of 0.1 mm is useful when performing measurements on objects with high diffuse reflection and when the measurement data are processed further (e.g. averaging).

4 Technical data ODSL 30

4.1 General specifications

| ODSL 30 | |
|--|--|
| Optical data | |
| Measurement range | 200 ... 30,000mm (6 ... 90% diffuse reflection) 200 ... 65,000mm (50 ... 90% diffuse reflection, ODSL 30/D... only) |
| Resolution ¹⁾ | 0.1 mm / 1 mm (factory setting) |
| Light source | Laser (pulsed) |
| Wavelength | 655 nm (visible red light) |
| Laser class | 2 (acc. to IEC 60825-1:2014) |
| Max. output power (peak) | 4,5 mW |
| Impulse duration | 267 ns |
| Light spot diameter | Collimated, Ø 6 mm at a distance of 10 m |
| Minimum object size | 50x50mm ² at a distance of 10m (6 ... 90% diffuse reflection) |
| Time behavior | |
| Measurement time ²⁾ | 30 ... 100ms (factory setting: 100ms) |
| Readiness delay | ≤ 1s |
| Mechanical data | |
| Housing | Metal |
| Optics cover | Glass |
| Weight | 650g |
| Connection type | M12 connector, 8-pin |
| Environmental data | |
| Ambient temperature operation (storage ³⁾) | -10 ... +45°C / -40 ... +70°C |
| Ambient light limit | ≤ 5kLux |
| Protective circuit ⁴⁾ | 2, 3 |
| VDE protection class ⁵⁾ | II, all-insulated |
| Degree of protection | IP 67 |
| Standards applied | IEC 60947-5-2 |
| Certifications | UL 508, C22.2No.14-13 ^{6) 7)} |

1) Resolution on the LC display

2) Configurable, depends on the object diffuse reflectance and on the max. detection range

3) After an operating time of 30 min., the device has reached the operating temperature required for an optimal measurement.

4) 2= polarity reversal protection, 3= short circuit protection for all outputs

5) Rating voltage 250 V AC

6) For UL applications: use is permitted exclusively in Class 2 circuits according to NEC

7) These sensors shall be used with UL Listed Cable assemblies rated 30V, 0.5A min, in the field installation, or equivalent (categories: CYJV/CYJV7 or PVVA/PVVA7)

4.2 Device-specific data

4.2.1 ODSL 30/V-30M-S12

| ODSL 30/V-30M-S12 | |
|---|---|
| Electrical data | |
| Operating voltage U_B ¹⁾ | 18 ... 30VDC (incl. residual ripple) |
| Residual ripple | $\leq 15\%$ of U_B |
| Power consumption | $\leq 4W$ |
| Switching output ²⁾ | 1 PNP transistor output, high active (default), NPN transistor or push-pull through configuration |
| Signal voltage high/low | $\geq (U_B - 2V) / \leq 2V$ |
| Output current | Max. 100 mA per transistor output |
| Analog output ^{2) 3)} | 1 voltage output 1 ... 10V ($R_L \geq 2k\Omega$) 1 current output 4 ... 20mA ($R_L \leq 500\Omega$) |
| Error limits⁴⁾ | |
| Absolute measurement accuracy ⁵⁾ | Measurement range up to 2.5m: $\pm 2\%$ without referencing, $\pm 1\%$ with referencing Measurement range 2.5m to 5m: $\pm 1.5\%$ without referencing, $\pm 1\%$ with referencing Measurement range 5m to 30m: $\pm 1\%$ without referencing, $\pm 1\%$ with referencing |
| Repeatability ⁶⁾ | $\pm 0.5\%$ of measurement value |

1) For UL applications: use is permitted exclusively in Class 2 circuits according to NEC

2) Configuration via LC display and membrane keyboard at the device

3) The current output (default) or the voltage output is calibrated

4) In the temperature range of 0°C ... +45°C, measurement object $\geq 50 \times 50 \text{mm}^2$;
at temperatures $< 0^\circ\text{C}$ different error limits apply;

5) Diffuse reflectance 6% ... 90%, temperature range 0°C ... +45°C

6) Same object, identical environmental conditions, measurement object $\geq 50 \times 50 \text{mm}^2$

4.2.2 ODSL 30/24-30M-S12

| ODSL 30/24-30M-S12 | |
|---|--|
| Electrical data | |
| Operating voltage U_B ¹⁾ | 10 ... 30VDC (incl. residual ripple) |
| Residual ripple | $\leq 15\%$ of U_B |
| Power consumption | $\leq 4W$ |
| Switching outputs ²⁾ | 3 PNP transistor outputs, high active (default), NPN transistor or push-pull through configuration |
| Signal voltage high/low | $\geq (U_B - 2V) / \leq 2V$ |
| Output current | Max. 100 mA per transistor output |
| Error limits³⁾ | |
| Absolute measurement accuracy ⁴⁾ | $\pm 5mm$ (6% diffuse reflection), $\pm 2mm$ (90% diffuse reflection) after referencing |
| Repeatability ⁵⁾ | $\pm 2 mm$ (6 ... 90% diffuse reflection) |

1) For UL applications: use is permitted exclusively in Class 2 circuits according to NEC

2) Configuration via LC display and membrane keyboard at the device

3) In the temperature range of 0°C ... +45°C, measurement object $\geq 50x50mm^2$;
at temperatures < 0°C different error limits apply;

4) Diffuse reflectance 6% ... 90%, temperature range 0°C ... +45°C

5) Same object, identical environmental conditions

4.2.3 ODSL 30/D 232-30M-S12

| ODSL 30/D 232-30M-S12 | |
|---|--|
| Electrical data | |
| Operating voltage U_B ¹⁾ | 10 ... 30VDC (incl. residual ripple) |
| Residual ripple | $\leq 15\%$ of U_B |
| Power consumption | $\leq 4W$ |
| Switching outputs ²⁾ | 2 PNP transistor outputs, high active (default), NPN transistor or push-pull through configuration |
| Signal voltage high/low | $\geq (U_B - 2V) / \leq 2V$ |
| Output current | Max. 100 mA per transistor output |
| Serial interface | RS 232, 9600 Baud (default), baud rate configurable |
| Transmission protocol | See see chapter 3.4.3 |
| Error limits³⁾ | |
| Absolute measurement accuracy ⁴⁾ | $\pm 5mm$ (6 ... 90% diffuse reflection), $\pm 2mm$ (90% diffuse reflection) after referencing |
| Repeatability ⁵⁾ | $\pm 2 mm$ (6 ... 90% diffuse reflection) |

1) For UL applications: use is permitted exclusively in Class 2 circuits according to NEC

2) Configuration via LC display and membrane keyboard at the device

3) In the temperature range of 0°C ... +45°C, measurement object $\geq 50x50mm^2$;
at temperatures < 0°C different error limits apply

4) Diffuse reflectance 6% ... 90%, temperature range 0°C ... +45°C

5) Same object, identical environmental conditions

4.2.4 ODSL 30/D 485-30M-S12

| ODSL 30/D 485-30M-S12 | |
|---|---|
| Electrical data | |
| Operating voltage U_B ¹⁾ | 10 ... 30VDC (incl. residual ripple) |
| Residual ripple | $\leq 15\%$ of U_B |
| Power consumption | $\leq 4W$ |
| Switching outputs ²⁾ | 2 PNP transistor outputs, high active (default), NPN transistor or push-pull through configuration |
| Signal voltage high/low | $\geq (U_B - 2V) / \leq 2V$ |
| Output current | Max. 100 mA per transistor output |
| Serial interface | RS 485, 9600 Baud (default), no termination, baud rate configurable |
| Transmission protocol | See see chapter 3.4.3 |
| Error limits³⁾ | |
| Absolute measurement accuracy ⁴⁾ | $\pm 5\text{mm}$ (6 ... 90% diffuse reflection), $\pm 2\text{mm}$ (90% diffuse reflection) after referencing |
| Repeatability ⁵⁾ | $\pm 2\text{mm}$ (6 ... 90% diffuse reflection) |

1) For UL applications: use is permitted exclusively in Class 2 circuits according to NEC

2) Configuration via LC display and membrane keyboard at the device

3) In the temperature range of 0°C ... +45°C, measurement object $\geq 50 \times 50 \text{mm}^2$;
at temperatures $< 0^\circ\text{C}$ different error limits apply

4) Diffuse reflectance 6% ... 90%, temperature range 0°C ... +45°C

5) Same object, identical environmental conditions

4.3 Dimensioned and connection drawings

All ODSL 30 models

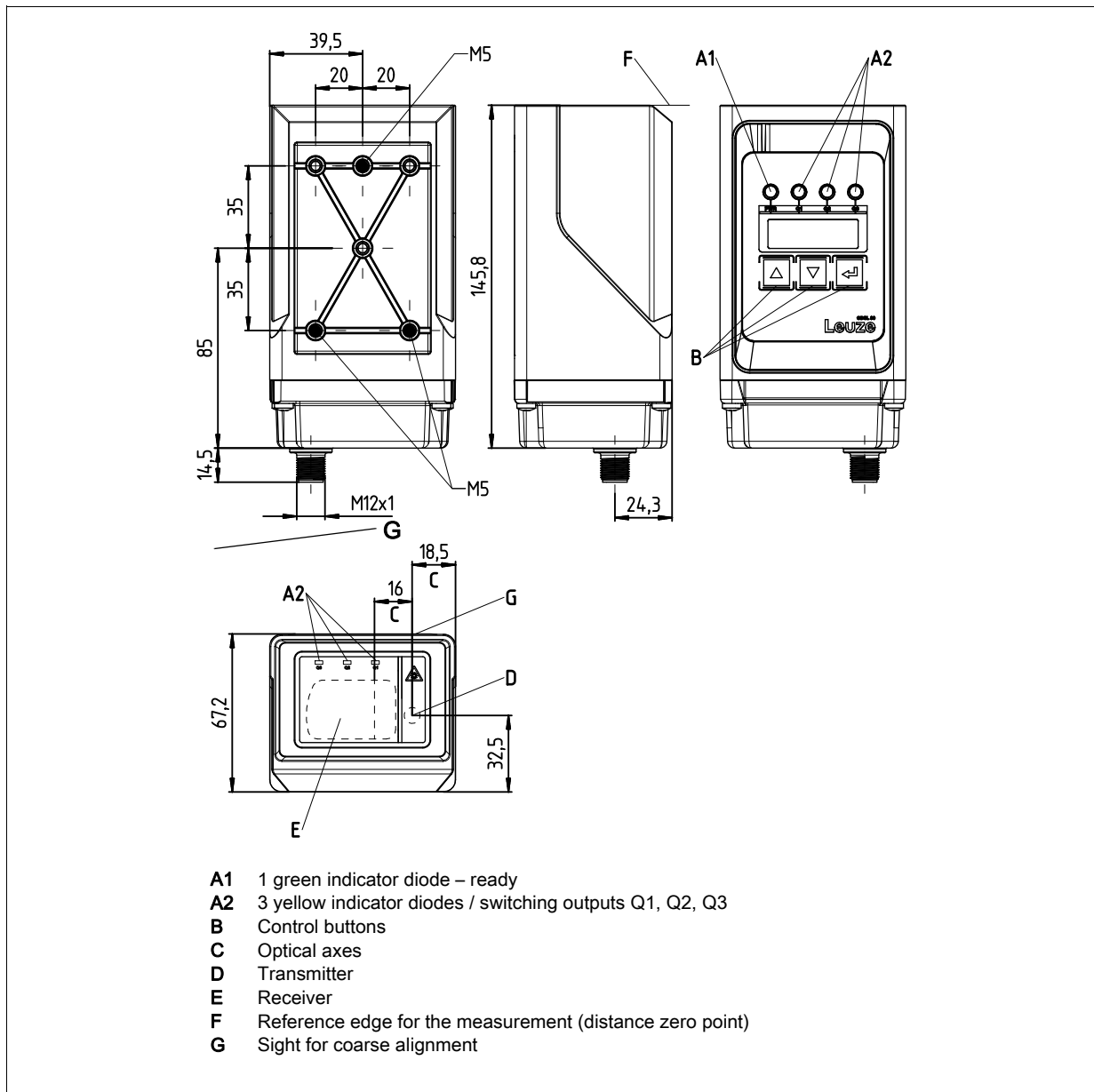


Figure 4.1: Dimensioned drawing ODSL 30 models

ODSL 30/V... (analog output)

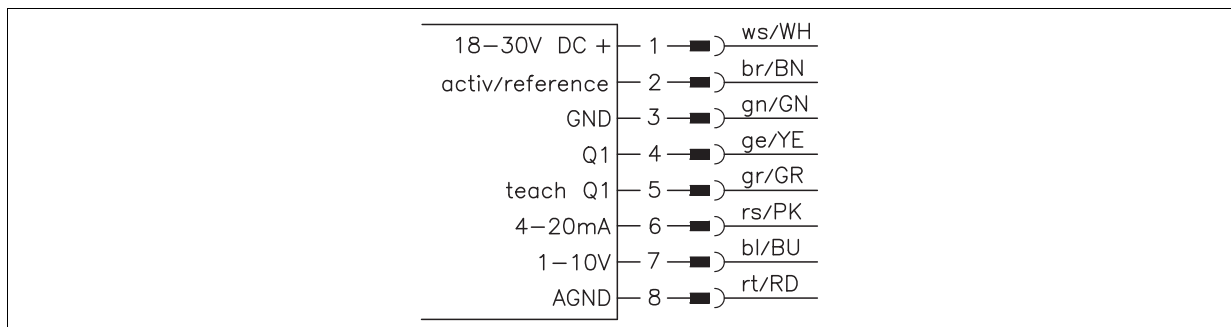


Figure 4.2: Electrical connection ODSL 30/V...

ODSL 30/24... (3 switching outputs)

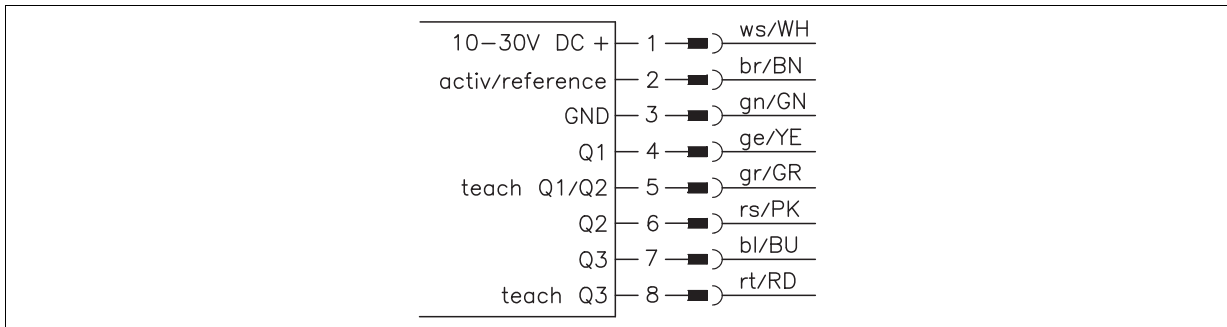


Figure 4.3: Electrical connection ODSL 30/24...

ODSL 30/D 232... (digital output RS 232)

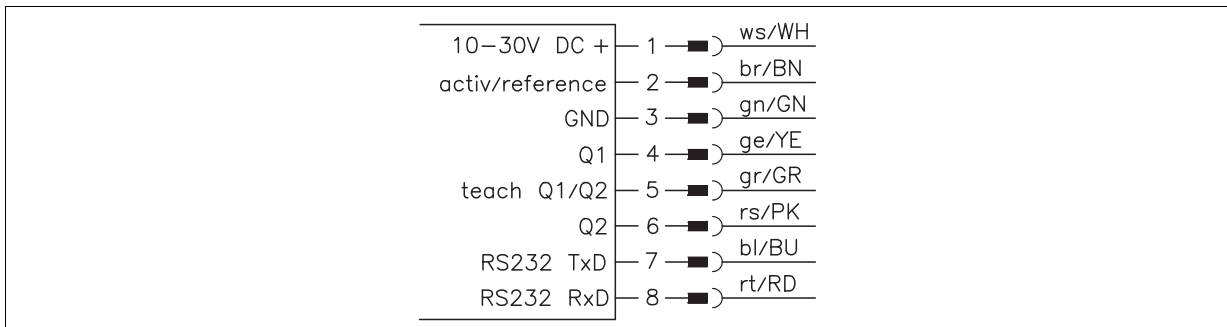


Figure 4.4: Electrical connection ODSL 30/D 232...

ODSL 30/D 485... (digital output RS 485)

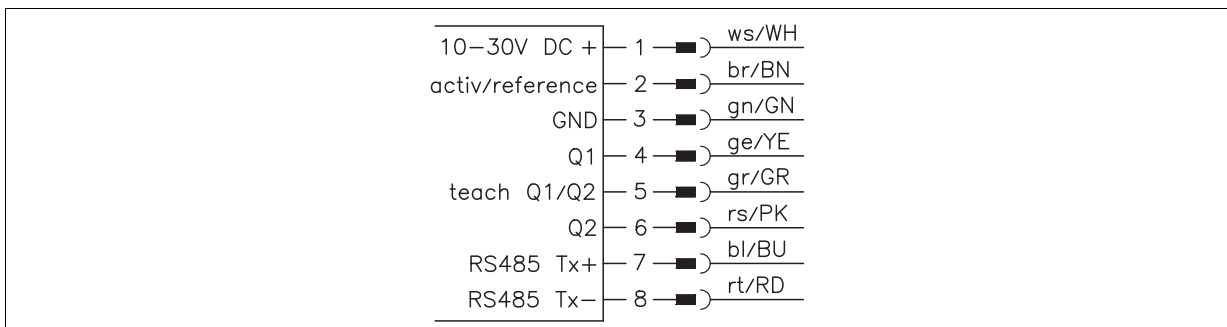



Figure 4.5: Electrical connection ODSL 30/D 485...

| | |
|---|---|
| ⚠ ATTENTION | |
|  | For UL applications, use is only permitted in Class 2 circuits in accordance with the NEC (National Electric Code). |

5 Type overview and accessories

5.1 Type overview

| Designation | Order no. | Description |
|----------------------|-----------|--|
| ODSL 30/V-30M-S12 | 50039447 | Measurement range 0 ... 30000mm, analog current/voltage output, 1 configurable switching output, laser class 2 |
| ODSL 30/24-30M-S12 | 50040720 | Measurement range: 0 ... 30000mm, 3 configurable switching outputs, laser class 2 |
| ODSL 30/D232-30M-S12 | 50041203 | Measurement range 0 ... 65000mm, RS 232 serial interface, 2 configurable switching outputs, laser class 2 |
| ODSL 30/D485-30M-S12 | 50041204 | Measurement range 0 ... 65000mm, RS 485 serial interface, 2 configurable switching outputs, laser class 2 |

Table 5.1: ODSL 30 type overview

5.2 Accessories

The following accessories are available for the ODSL 30:

| Designation | Order no. | Short description |
|---|-----------|--|
| Connection cables | | |
| KD S-M12-8A-P1-020 | 50135127 | M12 connection cable, 8-pin, axial, length 2m |
| KD S-M12-8A-P1-050 | 50135128 | M12 connection cable, 8-pin, axial, length 5m |
| KD S-M12-8A-P1-100 | 50135129 | M12 connection cable, 8-pin, axial, length 10m |
| User-configurable connectors | | |
| KD 01-8-BA | 50112157 | M12 connector (socket), 8-pin, axial |
| Cooperative target | | |
| CTS 100x100 | 50104599 | Cooperative target, diffuse reflectance 50 ... 90% |
| PC accessories | | |
| Accessories for fieldbus connection for ODSL 30/D232-30M-S12 with RS 232 interface | | |
| MA 204i | 50112893 | Modular fieldbus connection for field use, interfaces: RS232 / PROFIBUS DP |
| MA 208i | 50112892 | Modular fieldbus connection for field use, interfaces: RS232 / Ethernet TCP/IP |
| MA 235i | 50114154 | Modular fieldbus connection for field use, interfaces: RS232 / CANopen |
| MA 238i | 50114155 | Modular fieldbus connection for field use, interfaces: RS232 / EtherCAT |
| MA 248i | 50112891 | Modular fieldbus connection for field use, interfaces: RS232 / PROFINET-IO |
| MA 255i | 50114156 | Modular fieldbus connection for field use, interfaces: RS232 / DeviceNet |
| MA 258i | 50114157 | Modular fieldbus connection for field use, interfaces: RS232 / EtherNet/IP |
| K-DS M12A-MA-8P-3m-S-PUR | 50115050 | Connection cable for ODSL 30/D232-30M-S12 with RS232 to modular connection units MA 2xxi, cable length 3 m |

Table 5.2: Accessories ODSL 30

6 Installation

6.1 Storage, transportation

Unpacking

☞ Check the packaging content for any damage. If damage is found, notify the post office or shipping agent as well as the supplier.

☞ Check the delivery contents using your order and the delivery papers:

- Delivered quantity
- Device type and model as indicated on the nameplate
- Accessories
- Operating instructions

☞ Save the original packaging for later storage or shipping.

If you have any questions concerning your shipment, please contact your supplier or your local Leuze sales office.

☞ Observe the applicable local regulations when disposing of the packaging materials.

6.2 Mounting

NOTE



The mounting device BT 30 is already included in the scope of delivery of the ODSL 30.

View through a recess

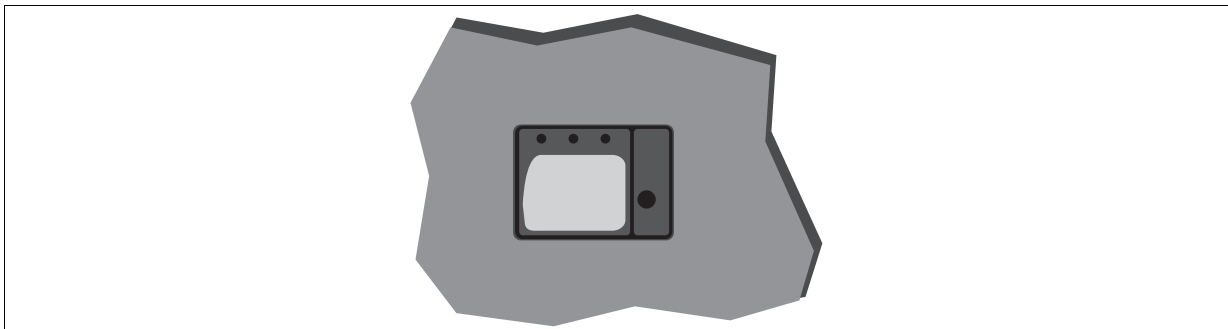


Figure 6.1: View through a recess

If the ODSL 30 has to be installed behind a cover, the recess has to have at least the size of the optical glass cover. Otherwise, a correct measurement is not possible or can not be guaranteed.

6.3 Teach-in

You can adjust the upper switching points by means of teach-in; with the ODSL 30/V..., you can also set the characteristic output curve of the analog output by means of teach-in. For teach-in, there are differences among the various device models:

Teach event for ODSL 30/V... (1 switching output)

☞ Position the measurement object at the desired measurement distance. Connect the teach input teach Q1 for ≥ 2 sec. to $+U_B$. After that, connect the teach input to GND. The switching output is taught.

Teaching takes place towards the switching point.

The following default values are preset:

- Function of the switching output: "light switching"
- Lower switching point: 199mm
- Upper switching point: 1000mm
- Hysteresis: 20mm

You can change these values using the membrane keyboard and LC display.

Teach-in of the characteristic output curve of the ODSL 30/V...

In addition to the edge-controlled teach-in (**slope control**) of the switching outputs, teach-in of the characteristic output curve is also possible via a teach line for devices with software version V01.10 and newer (see see chapter 3.6.5). The following steps are required for the line teach-in of the analog characteristic curve:

1. Activation of the analog line teach function via the membrane keyboard and menu.
Activate **Input Menu** -> **Teach Mode** -> **Teach Mode time control**.
2. Position measurement object at the desired measurement distance.
3. The respective teach function is activated by applying the active level (default $+U_B$) to the teach input "Teach Q1" (pin 5). The teach event is indicated by the flashing of the LEDs and on the display.

| Teach function | Duration of teach signal | Green LED | Yellow LED |
|---|--------------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| Upper switching point switching output Q1 | 2 ... 4s | Flash synchronously | |
| Distance value for analog output 1V / 4mA | 4 ... 6s | Continuous light | Flashing |
| Distance value for analog output 10V / 20mA | 6 ... 8s | Flashing | Continuous light |

4. To finish the teach event, disconnect the teach input from the teach signal after the desired time.
5. A successful teach event is signaled by the end of the flashing of the LEDs. The menu entries can be used to check that the teach values are properly accepted and to make any changes.

Error messages

Rapid flashing of the green LED following a teach event indicates an unsuccessful teach event. The sensor remains ready for operation and continues to function with the old values.

Remedy:

- Repeat teach event **or**
- Activate teach input for more than 8s **or**
- Disconnect sensor from voltage to restore the old values.

Teach event for ODSL 30/D... (2 switching outputs)

↵ Position the measurement object at the first desired measurement distance. Connect the teach input teach Q1/Q2 for ≥ 2 sec. to $+U_B$. The LEDs are flashing simultaneously. Reconnect the teach input to GND. The first switching output is taught.

↵ Now, position the measurement object at the second desired measurement distance. Connect the teach input teach Q1/Q2 for ≥ 2 sec. to $+U_B$. The LEDs now flash alternately. Reconnect the teach input to GND. The second switching output is taught. In idle state, the teach input is connected to GND.

Teaching takes place towards the switching points.

The following default values are preset:

- Function of the switching outputs: "light switching"
- Lower switching point Q1: 199mm, lower switching point Q2: 199mm
- Upper switching point Q1: 1000mm, upper switching point Q2: 1500mm
- Hysteresis: 20mm each

You can change these values using the membrane keyboard and LC display.

Teach event for ODSL 30/24... (3 switching outputs)

↵ Switching outputs Q1/Q2: Teach event is the same as for ODSL 30/D...

↵ Switching output Q3: Teach event is the same as for ODSL 30/V... via teach input teach Q3

Teaching takes place towards the switching points.

The following default values are preset:

- Function of the switching outputs: "light switching"
- Lower switching point Q1: 199mm, lower switching point Q2: 199mm, lower switching point Q3: 199mm
- Upper switching point Q1: 1000mm, upper switching point Q2: 1500mm, upper switching point Q3: 2000mm
- Hysteresis: 20mm each

You can change these values using the membrane keyboard and LC display.

7 Care, maintenance and disposal

7.1 Cleaning

The devices do not require maintenance; clean dry if necessary.

7.2 Servicing

The device does not normally require any maintenance by the operator.

Repairs to the device must only be carried out by the manufacturer.

↪ For repairs, contact your responsible Leuze subsidiary or Leuze customer service (see chapter 8 "Service and support").

7.3 Disposing

↪ For disposal observe the applicable national regulations regarding electronic components.

8 Service and support

Service hotline

You can find the contact information for the hotline in your country on our website www.leuze.com under **Contact & Support**.

Repair service and returns


Defective devices are repaired in our service centers competently and quickly. We offer you an extensive service packet to keep any system downtimes to a minimum. Our service center requires the following information:

- Your customer number
- Product description or part description
- Serial number and batch number
- Reason for requesting support together with a description

Please register the merchandise concerned. Simply register return of the merchandise on our website www.leuze.com under **Contact & Support > Repair Service & Returns**.

To ensure quick and easy processing of your request, we will send you a returns order with the returns address in digital form.

What to do should servicing be required?

| NOTE | |
|---|---|
|  | <p>Please use this chapter as a master copy should servicing be required!</p> <p>↳ Enter the contact information and fax this form together with your service order to the fax number given below.</p> |

Customer data (please complete)

| | |
|----------------------------|--|
| Device type: | |
| Serial number: | |
| Firmware: | |
| Display messages | |
| Status of LEDs: | |
| Error description | |
| Company: | |
| Contact person/department: | |
| Phone (direct dial): | |
| Fax: | |
| Street / no.: | |
| ZIP code / City: | |
| Country: | |

Leuze Service fax number:

+49 7021 573 - 199

9 EC Declaration of Conformity

The optical distance sensors of the ODSL 30 series have been manufactured observing current European standards and guidelines.

The manufacturer of the product, Leuze electronic GmbH + Co. KG in D-73277 Owen, possesses a certified quality assurance system in accordance with ISO 9001.



The EC Declaration of Conformity is available in the download area of the product at www.leuze.com.