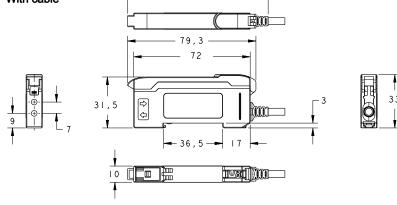
Amplifier for fiber optics

LV463 IO-Link

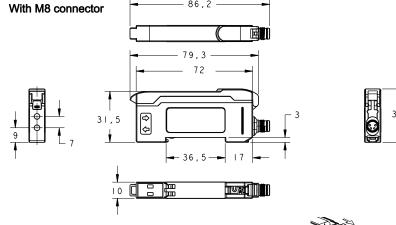


- Two, large, easy-to-read displays for the simultaneous display of the signal value and the switching threshold
- IO-Link with additional switching output (Dual Channel)
- Three different teach modes for fast sensor adjustment
- Switch for changing between light and dark switching

Dimensioned drawing With cable



86,9



Mounting accessories



BTU LV463 Part no. 50120869



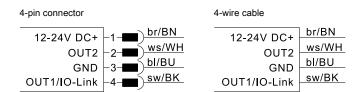
- A Clamping lever for fiber optic cable (unlock in direction of arrow)
- **B** Connection for fiber optics receiver
- C Connection for fiber optics transmitter

Accessories:

(available separately)

- Plastic fiber optics (KF, KFX)
- Ready-made cables (KB ...)
- Mounting device (BTU LV463)

Electrical connection



NOTE: Open lead wires must be connected to a terminal box.

About this document

NOTE



This document supplements the device-specific data sheets for the LV463.XV7/L... and LV463.XR7/L... fiber optic amplifiers with information and details on the IO-Link interface.

Type overview of amplifier for fiber optics with IO-Link

With one switching output and IO-Link

Features	Order code	Part no.
Red light, 1 PNP switching output	LV463.XV7/L4-M8	50133969
Red light, 1 PNP switching output	LV463.XV7/L4	50133970
Red light, 1 PNP switching output	LV463.XV7/L4-150-M12	50133971
Red light, 1 PNP switching output	LV463.XR7/L4-M8	50134007
Red light, 1 PNP switching output	LV463.XR7/L4	50134008
Red light, 1 PNP switching output	LV463.XR7/L4-150-M12	50134009
Infrared, 1 PNP switching output	LV463I.XR7/L4-150-M12	50145456

IO-Link interface

The LV463.../L... fiber optic amplifiers have a dual-channel architecture.

The IO-Link interface in accordance with specification 1.1.1 (October 2011) is provided on pin 4 (OUT 1). This allows the devices to be configured quickly and easily and, therefore, cost-effectively.

Furthermore, the sensor transmits its process data and makes diagnostic information available through it.

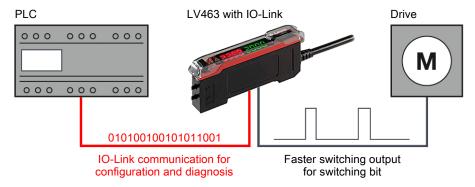
Parallel to the IO-Link communication, the sensor can output the continuous switching signal for object detection on OUT 2. The IO-Link communication does not interrupt this signal.

JOTE



In Leuze Sensor Studio, the following applies with regard to the designations: Q1 = OUT 1, Q2 = OUT 2.

Dual-channel operation



For diagnostics and recipe changes/format changeover (configuration of the machine in production operation), it is necessary to exchange diagnostic and configuration data with the sensor, e.g., via the IO-Link interface. For applications with high real-time requirements, it is, however, advantageous to make the fast switching output of the sensor available separately from the IO-Link communication interface for the further processing.

Notes

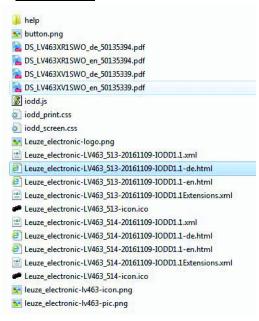
Observe intended use!

- This product is not a safety sensor and is not intended as personnel protection.
- The product may only be put into operation by competent persons.
- persons.
 Only use the product in accordance with its intended

Amplifier for fiber optics

Device-specific IODD

At www.leuze.com in the download area for IO-Link sensors you will find the IODD zip file with all data required for the installation.



IO-Link parameter documentation

A complete description of the IO-Link parameters is given in the *.html files.

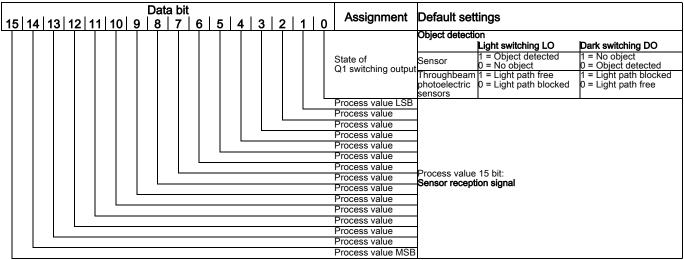
Please double-click one of the two language variants: *IODD*-de.html for German or *IODD*-en.html for English.

Functions configurable via IO-Link

PC configuration and visualization is performed comfortably with the USB-IO-Link Master SET MD12-US2-IL1.1... (part no. 50121098) and the **Leuze Sensor Studio** visualization software (in the download area of the sensor at www.leuze.com).

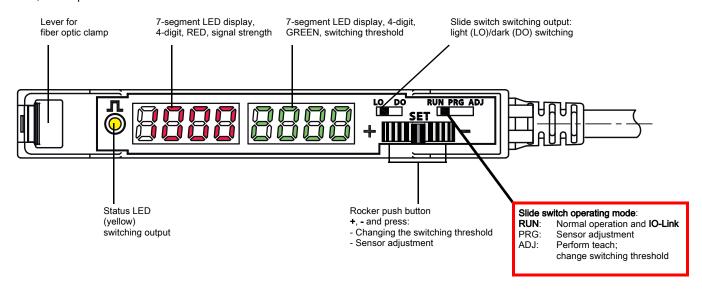
IO-Link process data

The sensor transmits 2 bytes to the master.



Working with IO-Link

First make sure that the slide switch for the operating mode is in the **RUN position**. Then, the amplifier can be connected to an IO-Link interface.



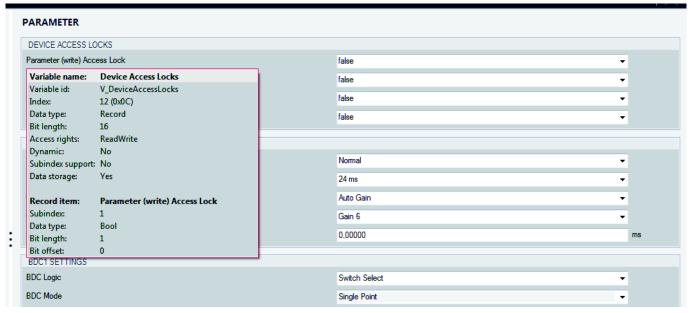
Leuze Sensor Studio

In combination with an IO-Link USB master, the **Sensor Studio** from Leuze electronic is used for the operation, configuration and diagnosis of the sensors and actuators (IO-Link devices) with an IO-Link interface. Basic information concerning this can be found in the *Short instructions for Sensor Studio IO-Link USB master 2.0* on the Leuze electronic website.

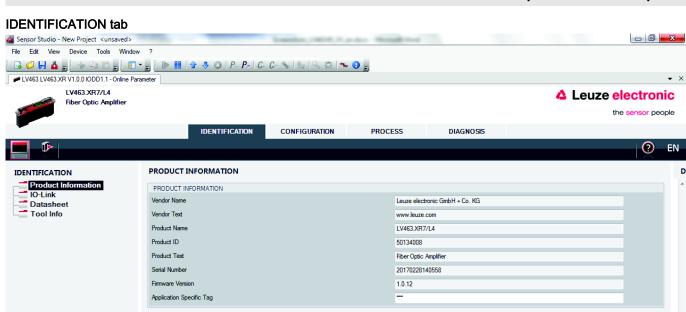
In **Sensor Studio**, a selection of parameters, commands, process values and diagnostic data, grouped into submenus, is usually displayed. However, the designations and names used in the device-specific IODD usually differ from the designations in **Sensor Studio**. In spite of this, it is possible to find the corresponding information.

To do this, position the mouse pointer on a parameter, command, process value or diagnotic value and click the right mouse button. This opens a window containing all of the data for this parameter.

Example: the mouse pointer was positioned on Parameter (write) Access Lock and then the right mouse button was clicked.



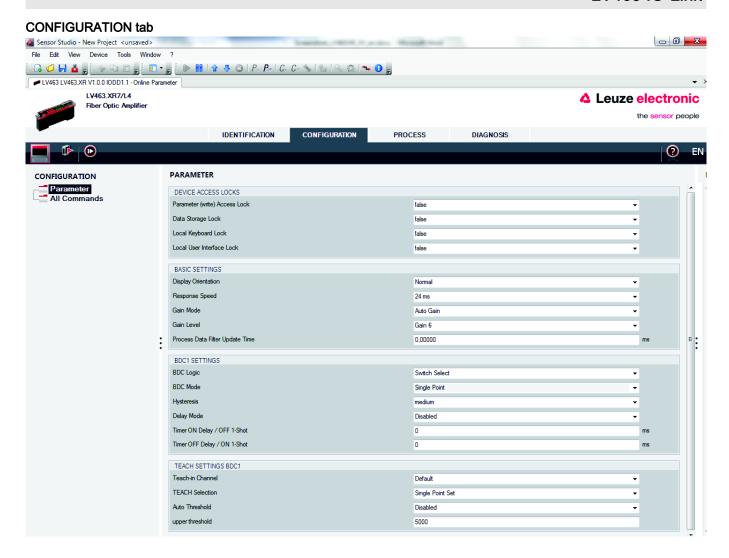
Amplifier for fiber optics



IDENTIFICATION		Notes Notes
Product information	Display of device and manufacturer-specific information	
IO-Link	Display of IO-Link-specific information	
Operating information	Information on working with the Leuze Sensor Studio software	
Datasheet	Data sheet for the LV463 fiber optic amplifier	

Leuze

LV463 IO-Link



CONFIGURATION			⚠ Notes
Parameter -> DEVICE ACCESS LOCKS	Parameter (write) Access Lock	True: blocks access to sensor configuration parameters. Default: false (access possible)	
	Data Storage Lock	True: only blocks access to the data memory interface (see section 10.4 "Data storage (data storage mechanism)" of the IO-Link interface specification - version 1.1). Default: false (data storage mechanism possible)	
	Local Keyboard Lock	True: locks all adjustment options at the amplifier with the exception of the LO/DO toggle switch, provided that "Preselection via device operation" has been selected under SWITCHING OUTPUT ADJUSTMENT. Default: false (adjustments possible on the device)	
	Local User Interface Lock	True: locks all adjustment options at the amplifier, including the LO/DO toggle switch. Default: false (adjustments possible on the device)	

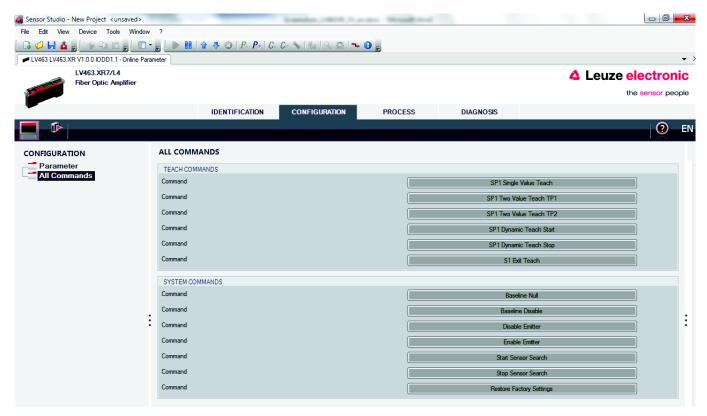
Amplifier for fiber optics

CONFIGURATION			
Parameter -> BASIC SETTINGS	Display Orientation	Adjustment option for rotating the read direction of the two displays by 180° (normal -> rotated). Default: normal (readable if the fiber optic clamp is on the left)	
	Response time	Selection of the response time. This influences the number of display digits, the response speed and the operating range. Default LV463.XV: 250µs Default LV463.XR: 2ms	
	Gain Mode	With the "Auto Gain" setting, the device independently selects the most suitable gain level when teaching in. Alternatively, the gain level can also be specified using the "Fixed Gain Level" setting. Default: automatic gain level	
	Gain stage	A suitable gain level can be selected here depending on the device model. Make sure that the display value does not overflow with the maximum possible signal value -> reduce the gain level if necessary. Default LV463.XV: 32 Default LV463.XR: 6	
	Process Data Filter Update Time	The process value is averaged with the time constant. Default: 0.00000 ms	
Parameter -> BDC1 SETTINGS	BDC Logic	Defines the switching function of the switching output independently of the position of the slide switch on the device. The position of the LO/DO slide switch determines the switching function with "as per slide switch position on the device". Default: as per slide switch position on the device	
	BDC Mode	Single point fixed	
	Hysteresis	Defines the size of the hysteresis at the switching point. Small: more precise in the switching point but sensitive. Large: e.g. with slightly fluctuating (unstable) display. Default: small	
	Switching delay	The amplifier has 3 selectable time functions. First select the required function: - ON / OFF delay - OFF 1-Shot - ON 1-Shot Default: OFF (no switching delay)	
	Timer ON Delay / OFF 1-Shot	If the "ON delay" or "OFF 1-Shot" switching delay was previously selected, a time value must be entered here. The device then operates with this delay time and the previously selected switching delay. If "0" is entered, the time function is deactivated. Default: 0ms (no time function)	
	Timer OFF Delay / ON 1-Shot	If the "OFF delay" or "ON 1-Shot" switching delay was previously selected, a time value must be entered here. The device then operates with this delay time and the previously selected switching delay. If "0" is entered, the time function is deactivated. Default: 0ms (no time function)	

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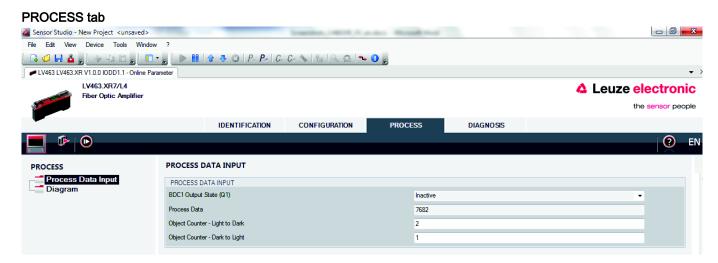
LV463 IO-Link

CONFIGURATION			Notes
Parameter -> TEACH SETTINGS BDC1	Teach-in Channel	Selection of the teachable switching output. Default: presetting (default)	
	TEACH Selection	The device has the following configuration options: - Single-point setting - 2-point teach - Dynamic teach Default: single-point setting	
	Auto Threshold	The function is only available during dynamic teaching and can be switched to ON or OFF here. Default: OFF	
	Upper Threshold	Display the current upper switching threshold (green display on the amplifier). The display value is modifiable and can be overwritten. Default: 2000	



CONFIGURATION		
All commands	Commands are executable commands. These are started by clicking on the respective button.	

Amplifier for fiber optics



PROCESS		Note: Click on to start the cyclical updating of the process data.	
Process Data Input -> PROCESS DATA INPUT	BDC1 Output State (Q1)	Displays the current state (active or inactive) of BDC1 output.	
	Process Data	Current process value in digits.	
	Object Counter - Light to Dark	The count is increased if the signal level reduces compared to the free light path. Throughbeam principle example: an object moves into the light beam and interrupts it. Diffuse reflection principle example: an object moves out of the detection range of the fiber and the resulting background signal is smaller.	
	Object Counter - Dark to Light	The count is increased if the signal level increases compared to the current value. Throughbeam principle example: an object moves out of the light beam and the free light path occurs. Diffuse reflection principle example: an object moves into the detection range of the fiber and the current signal is larger than the previous background signal.	

NOTE



The object counter can be used in the process monitoring, for example, to determine the number of detected objects. The function differs depending on the switching logic setting of the switching output transitions from light to dark and from dark to light.

The counts can be edited and can be set separately to a value between 0 and 10,000.

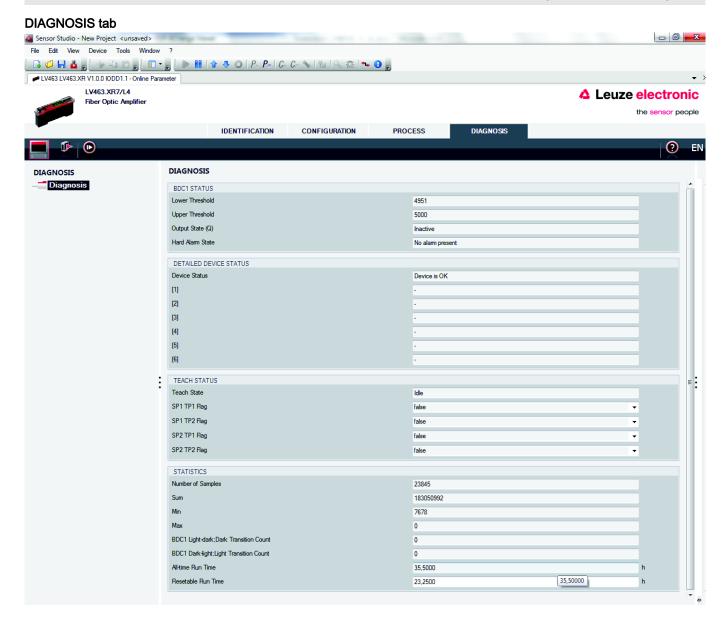
If an object moves through a throughbeam light path, both counts of the object counter are increased by the same extent because there is both a light/dark transition as well as a dark/light transition.

Leuze

LV463 IO-Link Sensor Studio - New Project <unsaved> File Edit View Device Tools Window ? ✓ LV463 LV463.XR V1.0.0 IODD1.1 - Online Parameter LV463.XR7/L4 **△** Leuze electronic Fiber Optic Amplifier the sensor people IDENTIFICATION CONFIGURATION PROCESS DIAGNOSIS ② EN PROCESS DIAGRAM Process Data Input Diagram DIAGRAM Output State (Q) 10000 7677 Process Data 5000 upper threshold 9000 8000 7000 6000 5000 4000 3000 2000 1000

PROCESS		Note: Click on to start the cyclical updating of the process data.	
Diagram -> DIAGRAM	Output State (Q)	The display corresponds to the yellow diode on the device. ON (yellow / 1): Output active OFF (gray / 0): Output inactive	
	Process Data	Displays the chronological trend of the sensor signal in digits (corresponds to the display of the red display on the device, shown as a red line in the diagram).	
	Upper Threshold	Displays the current upper switching threshold (corresponds to the display of the green display on the device, shown as a gray line in the diagram).	

Amplifier for fiber optics



DIAGNOSIS		Note: Click on to start the cyclical updating of the diagnostic data. The diagnostic data consists of displayonly values, and cannot be modified (exception: resettable timer).	Notes
Diagnosis -> STATUS SWITCHING	Lower Threshold	Switch-on threshold, depending on the hysteresis parameter: upper threshold minus hysteresis = lower switching threshold.	
OUTPUT Q1	Upper Threshold	Displays the current upper switching threshold (green display on the amplifier) -> switch-off threshold	
	Output State (Q)	State display: active = 1; passive = 0.	
	Hard Alarm State	Displaying of device errors.	
Diagnosis ->	Device status	Detailed device status.	
DETAILED DEVICE STATUS	Fields [1] - [6]	Displays possible detailed device statuses.	
Diagnosis ->	Teach State	Detailed device status.	
TEĂCH STATUS	SP1 TP1 Flag	Status information regarding teach.	
	SP1 TP2 Flag	Status information regarding teach.	
	SP2 TP1 Flag	Status information regarding teach.	
	SP2 TP2 Flag	Status information regarding teach.	
Diagnosis -> STATISTICS		Click on to start the cyclical updating of the statistical data.	
	Number of measurements	The counter value that is entered defines a number of measurements which are carried out for the following evaluations: "Sum", "Min", "Max", "BDC1 Light-dark; Light Transition Count" and "BDC1 Dark-light; Dark Transition Count". The evaluation is carried out for max. 32,761 measurements.	
	Sum	Sum total of "Number of measurements".	
	Min	Minimum process value within "Number of measurements". The values are not averaged and can also be negative due to signal noise (negative signal values are not displayed on the device).	
	Max	Maximum process value within "Number of measurements". The values are not averaged and can be somewhat higher than shown on the red display due to signal noise.	
	BDC1 Light-dark;Light Transition Count	Number of transition counts within "Number of measurements".	
	BDC1 Dark-light;Dark Transition Count	Number of transition counts within "Number of measurements".	
	Operating hours counter	Counts the number of operating hours after initial commissioning. The value cannot be reset.	
	Resetable Run Time	Can be used as a timer (hour counter). Any offset can be entered as a counter start value.	

NOTE



The statistics data can be reset again after every read-out.